

EMBRACING THE SUSTAINABLE VALUE

ANNUAL REPORT 2019



KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Based on results of the Bank as presented in the Financial Statements

Deposit and Other Accounts

18,317

(PKR in million)

Micro Credits

9,072

(PKR in million)

Total Assets

20,543

(PKR in million)

Total Equity

1,872

(PKR in million)

Mark-Up/Return/Interest Earned

2,900

(PKR in million)

Profit Before Tax

89

(PKR in million)

Profit After Tax

54

(PKR in million)

Earning Per Share

0.17

Rupees Per Share

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Apna Microfinance Bank Limited is managed by group of highly experienced bankers. We are committed to provide specialized financial services to the less privileged, marginalized and poor segements of society. We support economic empowerment of women & micro-entrepreneurs in the Agri and Micro enterprises in rural areas of Pakistan. The Bank has been operating at national level in Pakistan.

Our main focus is to provide personalized services to the poor segment of the society through our dedicated products aimed at changing their life-style by entering them in micro-entrepreneurship at the lowest mark-up rate in the market.

We aim to:

- Arrange capacity building of underserved masses by improving attitudes, skill, knowledge and ability to initiate and manage economically viable projects.
- Provide finances, advances and other credit facilities for the development of agriculture and rural market sector including production, marketing and house finance facilities.
- Mobilize savings by accepting deposits in savings and other specialized deposit products.
- Combine the knowledge base with the modern management methodology, latest technology, sophisticated financial instruments, universal micro-banking concepts and current corporate sciences.
- Create and perpetuate a culture of balanced approach for the development of market related competitive and innovative financial services. Introducing a culture of innovation and excellence with a view to find acceptable solutions to real and conceived impediments for promoting a true microfinancial regime.

VISION

'SELF RELIANCE THROUGH SELF GENERATION'

To strive and play our role in eradicating poverty by providing them opportunity to make their lives better on sustainable long term basis, through inculcating sense of participation, vision, prioritization, and justified use of available resources; and providing required and justified financial assistance.

MISSION

Alleviating the poverty by providing financial services and professional advices, which have a lasting positive impact on our customers' standard of living, their financial sustainability and growth in their income generation.



The Bank is aimed to inculcate a nurturing and invigorating corporate culture based on providing a safe and healthy professional environment, where the employees are valued, respected, and able to deliver their full potential.

The Bank expects its staff to be honest, truthful, straightforward, committed and dedicated to their work and discharge their duties in a highly professional manner.

The following will be the core values of the Bank, which it will endeavor to, pursue in the achievement of its short and long term goals/ objectives.



SERVICE

We care our valued customer



CREATIVITY

We are creative, innovative and quality conscious



HONESTY

We are honest, integrated and trustful



RECIPROCITY

We believe in building a top notch professional team



TRANSPARENCY

We are responsible, trustworthy and law abiding in all that we do



GROWTH

We provide equal opportunity and growth

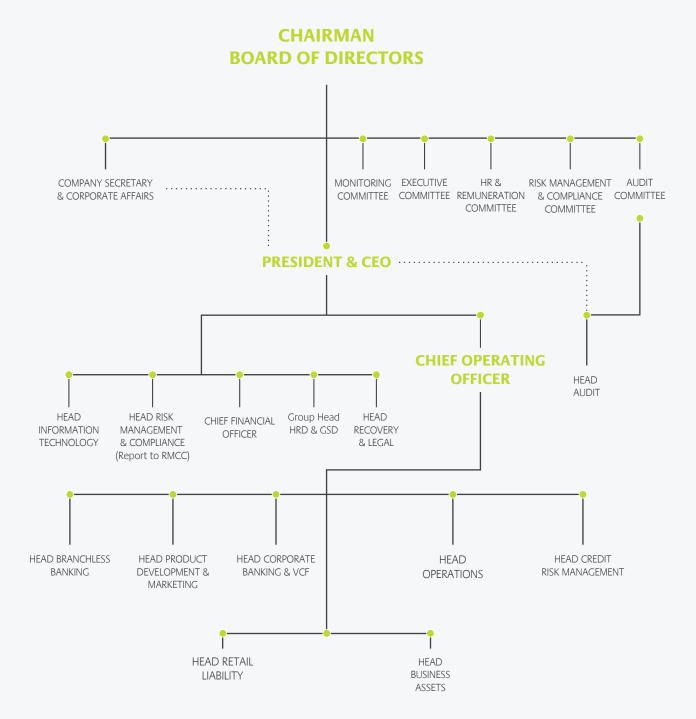
BANK'S PHILOSOPHY

"It is far better to help a poor person by teaching him how to catch a fish instead of buying him a fish."

"ALLAH HELPS THOSE WHO HELP THEMSELVES"

Microfinance may not be posed a significant impact on the overall poverty scenario but it will certainly change the life of the Micro-Entrepreneurs.

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

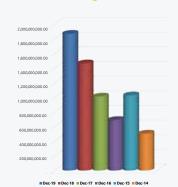


KEY FINANCIAL &

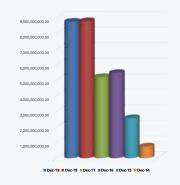
OPERATIONAL DATA AT A GLANCE

	Position for Year Ended							
	% Rise Dec-19 % Rise Dec-18 Dec-17 Dec-16 Dec-15 Dec-14							
	2019 Vs 2018	Rupees	2018 Vs 2017	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Financial Data								
Total Assets	16.57%	20,543,253,526	26.03%	17,623,046,929	13,983,590,224	13,554,003,018	5,670,478,820	1,758,954,506
Advances-net of provisions	-0.38%	8,779,226,353	68.61%	8,812,740,994	5,226,547,934	5,484,025,056	2,588,423,092	766,138,548
Deposits	15.45%	18,317,083,706	26.64%	15,866,330,742	12,528,727,169	12,347,070,954	4,546,697,079	1,193,506,624
Share Capital	37.59%	3,439,849,620	0.00%	2,500,000,000	2,500,000,000	2,200,000,000	2,200,000,000	1,100,000,000
Share Deposit money	-22.65%	696,215,185	80.01%	900,078,363	500,008,080	400,000,000	-	-
	21.65%	4,136,064,805	13.34%	3,400,078,363	3,000,008,080	2,600,000,000	2,200,000,000	1,100,000,000
Net Equity	27.48%	1,871,966,805	44.66%	1,468,419,136	1,015,087,402	694,590,229	1,030,113,789	509,329,478
Accumulated Loss	-4.03%	(956,430,276)	-3.85%	(996,574,069)	(1,036,520,157)	(957,009,250)	(221,485,690)	(192,270,001)
Operating Data								
Mark-up / return / interest earned	34.38%	2,899,784,536	36.75%	2,157,835,801	1,577,979,881	1,441,502,272	447,154,900	239,418,864
Mark-up / return / interest expensed	50.98%	(1,209,081,032)	13.76%	(800,799,272)	(703,943,573)	(671,551,250)	(187,445,668)	(78,963,877)
Administrative expenses	12.51%	(1,795,186,386)	21.94%	(1,595,647,431)	(1,308,598,684)	(1,107,253,472)	(351,792,126)	(165,664,970)
Profit / (Loss) before taxation	-11.10%	89,344,447	-153.37%	100,500,905	(188,301,605)	(1,097,577,883)	(24,346,382)	8,721,335
Profit / (Loss) after taxation	0.49%	53,525,058	-166.99%	53,261,451	(79,510,907)	(735,523,560)	(29,215,689)	6,147,859
EPS	-43.33%	0.17	-185.71%	0.30	(0.35)	(3.34)	(0.16)	0.07
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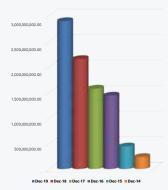
NET **EQUITY**



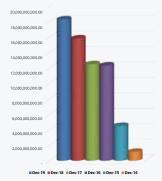
ADVANCES-NET OF PROVISIONS



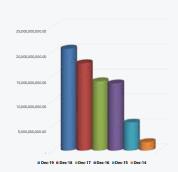
MARKUP INCOME



DEPOSITS



TOTAL ASSETS





AMBL is approved employer of ICMA. MOU between Apna Microfinance Bank and ICMA

Got 3rd position in National Financial Literacy Program conducted by the SBP









Kashmir Solidarity Day







Road Show -North Region MOU between Apna Microfinance Bank and Aqua Tas Information Services

REMONY



MOU between Apna
Microfinance Bank and
E-Conceptions for Smart Vista
& Digital Financial Services







New Branch Opening - Paper Market Karachi



New Branch Opening – Islamabad Blue Area







EMV ATM Card Issuance









Driving License & Certificate Distribution ceremony in collaboration with Uber & TEVTA

Youth Employment Expo









RCCI International Achievement Awards

> **Apna Swari prize** distribution



BOARD OF **DIRECTORS**



MIAN M. A. SHAHID Chairman



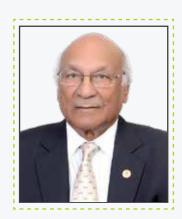
IMAD MOHAMMAD TAHIR Director



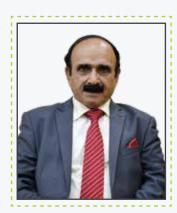
MUHAMMAD ASGHAR Director



MUHAMMAD SALEEM SHAIKH Director



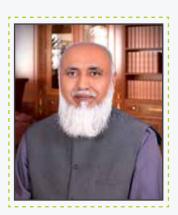
JAVAID SADIQ Director



IMAM BUKHSH BALOCH Director (SBP-FPT is under Process)



SYED RAHAT ALI SHAH Director



ABDUL AZIZ KHAN Director



SYED MUHAMMAD TALIB RIZVI Advisor to Chairman

CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Muhammad Akram Shahid Chairman

Mr. Imad Mohammad Tahir

Director

Mr. Muhammad Asghar

Mr. Muhammad Saleem Shaikh

Director
Syed Rahat Ali Shah

*Director*Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan

Director

Mr. Javaid Sadiq

Mr. Imam Bukhsh Baloch (SBP-FPT is under process) Director

PRESIDENT / CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Mr. Muhammad Gulistan Malik

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Rafat Abbas

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr. Ali Murtza

BOARD COMMITTEES AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan Chairman

Mr. Muhammad Asghar *Member*

Mr. Imad Mohammad Tahir *Member*

Mr. Muhammad Saleem Shaikh Member

Syed Rahat Ali Shah Member

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Mr. Muhammad Akram Shahid

Mr. Imad Mohammad Tahir Member

Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan

Member

Mr. Muhammad Asqhar

Membe

Mr. Muhammad Saleem Shaikh Member

HUMAN RESOURCE & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan

Chairman

Mr. Javaid Sadiq

Member

Mr. Imad Mohammad Tahir

Member

Syed Rahat Ali Shah

Member

Mr. Muhammad Saleem Shaikh *Member*

RISK MANAGEMENT & COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE

Mr. Muhammad Asghar Chairman

Mr. Muhammad Akram Shahid

Mr. Javaid Sadiq

Member

Syed Rahat Ali Shah

Member

Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan

Member

MONITORING COMMITTEE

Mr. Muhammad Asghar Chairman

Mr. Muhammad Saleem Shaikh Member

Mr. Javaid Sadiq

Member

Mr. Muhammad Akram Shahid

Member

Syed Rahat Ali Shah

Member

AUDITORS

Ilyas Saeed & Co.
Chartered Accountants

LEGAL ADVISOR

Syed Muhammad Junaid Mumtaz Advocate High Court (Appointment under Process)

TAX CONSULTANT

Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman Chartered Accountants

BANKERS

United Bank Limited Sindh Bank Limited Khushali Bank limited Bank Al-Habib Limited Summit Bank Limited Zarai Taragiati Bank Limited JS Bank Limited Silk Bank Limited First Microfinance Bank Limited Soneri Bank Limited Telenor Microfinance Bank Limited FINCA Microfinance Bank Limited NRSP Microfinance Bank Limited Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan Limited The Bank of Punjab Limited U Microfinance Bank Limited Mobilink Microfinance Bank Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

K-4/3 & 4/4 Ch. Khaliq-uz- Zaman Road, Gizri Karachi.

PABX Tel: +92 21 35865352-55

PADA 161, +92 21 33003332-33

Fax: +92 21 35865017

Website: www.apnabank.com.pk

HEADOFFICE

23-A, Sundar Das Road, Zaman Park Lahore. PABX Tel: +92 42 36306730 UAN: +92 42 111-771-772 Website: www.apnabank.com.pk

SHARE REGISTRAR

F.D. Registrar Services (SMC-Pvt.) Ltd Office No. 1705, 17th Floor, Saima Trade Tower-A. I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi. Phone: 021-32271905 & 32271906

Fax: 021-3261233

Email: fdregistrar@yahoo.com

CORPORATE **MEETINGS**















KEY MANAGEMENT



Mr. M. Gulistan Malik
President / CEO



Mr. Wajhat Malik
Chief Operating Officer



Mr. Ali Murtza
Chief Financial Officer



Mr. Rafat Abbas Company Secretary



Mr. Qasim Mansoor
Group Head HR, GSD
& Compliance



Mr. Latif Ahmad Saqi Head Internal Audit



Mr. M. Salman Hamid
Head Branchless Banking



Mr. M Usman Masood Bhutta
Head Business Assets



Mr. Nazish Ali Head Operation



Mr. M. Kamran Head Credit Risk Management Department



Mr. Zubair Elahi Head IT



Mr. M. Sarfaraz Bhatti Head Recovery & Legal



Mr. Asad Raza
Head Liability



Mr. Malik Shahid Mehmood

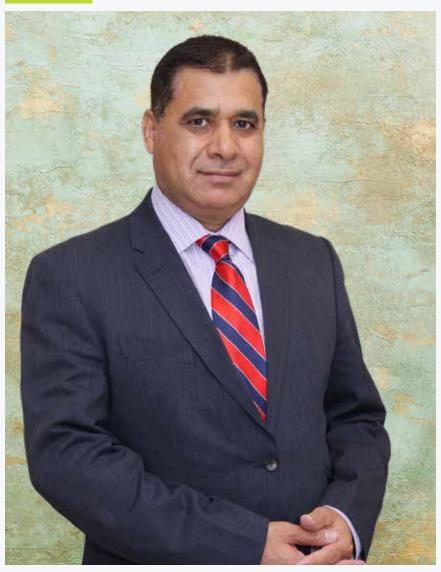
Group Head Corporate

Banking & VCF

HOW WE PERFORMED



CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW



On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present the Annual report of Apna Microfinance Bank Limited for the financial year ended December 31st, 2019.

During the period under review, the Bank continued to grow and move ahead while operating in tough economic conditions. The upward revision in monetary policy rates combined with inflationary pressures adversely impacted the Bank's core operations. Despite these challenges the Bank's performance remained fairly positive, indicating high potential for future growth.

I am happy to state that this year the Bank efficaciously realized its digital transformation journey by including state of the art technological solutions in its repertoire of services. This marriage of telephone banking with our existing microfinance model will deliver new value added services to our customer base.

I am also pleased to report on the overall performance and effectiveness of the Board in attaining this year's positive results. The Board's oversight and guidance has been the major contributing factor for the Bank's ongoing success. The performance of our Board members remained highly satisfactory. I am entirely confident, that their continued supervision will aid the Bank in achieving its ultimate objective of sustained success in the upcoming years.

AMBL's Board is effectively balanced, having the right mix of knowledge, expertise and skills. The Board members exhibit high standards of professionalism and ethical conduct and demonstrate vast industry

knowledge along with the requisite skills to effectively guide the management. They are fully aware of their fiduciary duty towards the Bank and its shareholders. Their decisions are made mutually and objectively, in the best interests of the organization. During the year, the Board played an effective role in implementing the Bank's strategic objectives. The Board's dynamic supervision set a clear direction with regards to our core business activities. These included procurement of fresh deposits and loans while maintaining an appropriate blend of deposit mix and financing ratios. The guidance of the board has proved instrumental in improving the Bank's key performance indicators during the year.

The Board has constituted its subcommittees for oversight of all key areas of the Bank. The terms of reference of these committees have been clearly defined by the Board which include periodic review of all significant policies in order to ensure financial and operational soundness. The Board and its committees meet regularly during the year for due deliberation on all outstanding matters and provide their oversight.

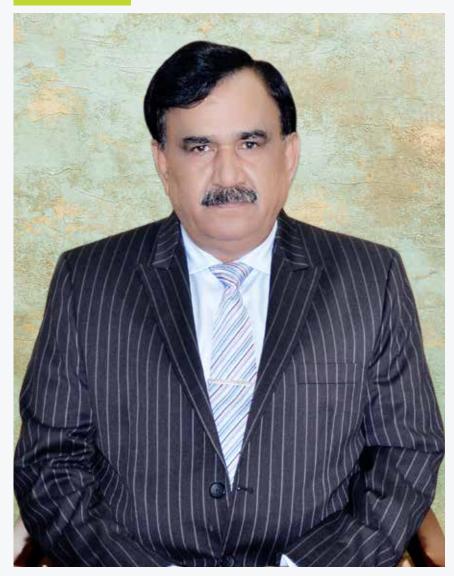
On behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to pay my gratitude to our shareholders and customers for their continued trust in our Bank. I thank the regulatory bodies for their guidance and support. Lastly, I am enormously appreciative for the commitments of our management teams and employees who are an integral part of our organization.

Sincerely,

Mian Muhammad Akram Shahid

Chairman of the Board March 31, 2020 Lahore

PRESIDENT / CEO'S MESSAGE



2019 was a challenging year, in general, for Micro finance industry but Apna Microfinance Bank Limited still managed to continue its expedition of success and development throughout the year. A substantial growth was observed in both segments of Asset & Liability during the year. We are focused and devotedly trying our level best for the accomplishment of our corporate goals by serving the unbanked/less-privileged segment of Pakistan. This shall not only improve our clients' quality of life but also constitute positive growth of our national economy. We consistently pursue to empower our clients by providing them financial services and thereby support in the public duty of financial inclusion.

The Bank has been able to significantly improve its financial and operational indicators. We have successfully emerged

from the tough period, faced after deferment of financing by State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) in the year 2016. I am pleased to say, that through the guidance and leadership of our management the Bank is now able to compete with the key players within the microfinance industry.

Presently, the Bank is in process of further strengthening its procedures and systems, by focusing on consolidation and sustainability. We are focused on the provision of the paramount banking services to our customer base. In pursuance of this we have recently updated our I.T. systems to include the following digital banking solutions for our valued customers:

- ADC Switch upgradation from legacy switch to 'SMART VISTA', a state-of-theart ADC switch
- · Launch of Debit card with badging of

Paypak

- Internet Banking
- Mobile Banking
- Integrated CRM to host all the inbound calls, users will be able to activate / deactivate Debit cards, generate PIN and lodge complaints if any.
- Bill Payments are being integrated throughout the banking channels, including Internet Banking, Mobile Banking, ATM and Branchless Banking.

Withal, I would like to acknowledge all the hard work, devotion and commitment of our staff members for carrying out their assigned roles with true letter and spirit. It is only through their dedicated efforts that our Bank shall reach the very pinnacle of the microfinance industry in the years to come and shall continue to show progress towards its vision and mission of raising the living standards of our society's marginalized segments.

Lastly, I express my gratitude to all our customers, shareholders, State Bank of Pakistan, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and Pakistan Stock Exchange for their confidence, continued support and trust in the Bank which led us to close 2019 on a positive note.

Muhammad Gulistan Malik President/CEO

The Directors of the Apna Microfinance Bank Limited (hereinafter referred to as 'the Bank') are pleased to present their report together with the Audited Financial statements and Auditors' Report thereon for the year ended 31 December 2019.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY, DEVELOPMENTS AND FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

Apna Microfinance Bank Limited (the Bank) was incorporated as a public limited bank and its shares are listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The Bank's principal business is to provide microfinance banking and related services to the poor and underserved segment of the society with a view to alleviate poverty under the Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001.

The State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) increased the interest rates by 325 basis points during the year, bringing the policy rate to 13.25% at December 2019 from 10.00% at December 2018. This, combined with climbing inflation levels and periodic currency devaluations during the year had an overwhelming effect on the microfinance sector with regards to reduced recovery, increased infection in advances portfolio and write offs. The high policy rates have led to increased cost of deposits, consequently reducing the overall profit margins of Microfinance Banks. Despite these external challenges and several internal limitations, Apna Microfinance Bank Limited is growing up gradually, owing to the dedicated efforts and of its management as well as the commitments of its sponsors.

The financial performance of the Bank during the year ended December 31, 2019 is as follows;

Particulars	31 December 2019	31 December 2018	%
	Audited (PKR)	Audited (PKR)	Change
Advances-net of provisions	8,779,226,353	8,812,740,994	(0.38)%
Deposits and other accounts	18,317,083,706	15,866,330,742	15.45%
Mark-up/return/interest earned	2,899,784,536	2,157,835,801	34.38%
Mark-up/return/interest expensed	(1,209,081,032)	(800,799,272)	50.98%
Administrative expenses	(1,795,186,386)	(1,595,647,431)	12.51%
Profit after taxation	53,525,058	53,261,451	0.49%

In line with past trends, the Bank posted a profit after tax in the current year amounting to PKR. 53.53 million as compared to a profit of PKR. 53.26 million in the year 2018. The equity (net of losses) of the Bank stood at PKR. 1,871.97 million and the total assets have grown to PKR. 20,543.25 million from PKR. 17,623.05 million as at December 31, 2019.

During the year, the Bank has made lending of approx. PKR. 5.114 billion to 55,674 new customers till December 31, 2019. The overall NPL ratio of the Bank's loan portfolio has declined significantly from the last year, which is commendable and confirms the transparency of our revamped loan disbursement system.

The Bank recorded provision expense of PKR. 293.57 million against a gross loan portfolio of PKR. 9.072 billion during the current year. Whereas a provision of PKR.88.32 million was recorded against a gross loan portfolio of PKR. 10.087 billion during the last year. The reason for this increase is attributable to the prevailing economic conditions such as higher inflation and cost of living which has negatively impacted the earning capacity of the Bank's borrower base, resulting in reduced recoveries. To combat these adverse circumstances, the management has devised and implemented new risk based strategies to control provision of the Bank's loan portfolio.

The management has charged a specific provision amounting to PKR. 122 million against its new loan portfolio of PKR. 7,670 million as per the requirements of the Prudential Regulations for MFBs. However, a specific provision amounting to PKR. 3 million has been charged against the old loan portfolio of PKR. 1,402 million as per managements subjective assessment. (Refer to note no. 1.1.1 and 11.4 to the Financial Statements).

During the year the Bank has written off loans against provisions amounting to PKR. 1.275 billion in accordance with the terms and conditions of Prudential Regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan for MFBs. The management is committed to make credible future lending and deploying focused recovery efforts to minimize the Bank's non-performing loans.

The Bank's deposit base has shown a substantial increase of PKR. 2.451 billion over the last year with total deposits of PKR. 18.317 billion as at December 2019 as opposed to a deposits figure of PKR. 15.867 billion at the end of last year. The Bank's deposits mobilization strategy is aimed at ensuring an optimal mix with a strong focus on building current and saving accounts.

Owing to the effects of the present economic conditions and incessant increase in policy rates during the year, the microfinance sector now has to offer even higher rates to its depositors which have resulted in an increased cost of deposits and narrowing profit margins. This is evident from an increase of 50.98% in the Bank's interest expense during the year. To counter these limitations, the Bank has formulated and implemented a strategic plan regarding its deposit products which includes, attracting low cost deposits with a focus on restructuring the Bank's deposit mix (CASA) in order to maintain the mark-up/ interest expense within acceptable limits.

The Bank completed its Right Shares Issue process during the current year. The total number of 93,984,962 shares were issued to directors / sponsors and general members, which significantly increased the share capital to PKR.3.439 billion at the end of December 2019 from PKR.2.50 billion as at December 2018. The sponsors have injected fresh capital of over PKR. 350 million during the year. As a result, the equity net of losses of the Bank has increased by over PKR. 403 million from the last year. These figures are a sign of improved investor confidence in the Bank's operations translating in successful future prospects.

Digital Services Landscape

The importance of Information Technology cannot be ignored in today's rapidly digitizing banking world. The present banking environment is dynamic and undergoes rapid changes as a result of technological innovation, increased customer awareness and demand. Provision of digital banking services are a prerequisite of competitiveness within the sector and of fundamental importance to success. In view of this the Bank has recently updated its IT system to include a host of new offerings, with the objective of providing our customer base the level and variety of services that cater and satisfy all their digital banking needs. Salient features of the Bank's IT upgradation are as under:

ADC Switch Upgradation & Migration: In order to digitally transform banking services, Apna Microfinance Bank Limited is upgrading and migrating legacy ADC switch to "SMART Vista" a state-of-the-art ADC switch will enable the Bank to connect different Digital channels with the banking services.

Internet Banking: As part of digital transformation, The Bank will be offering Internet banking to its account holders. Users can perform IBFT, balance enquiry, bill payments, funds transfers and access their account statements.

Mobile Banking: The Bank is now offering Android and iOS based Mobile Banking smart phone application to its account holders. Users can perform IBFT, balance enquiry, bill payments, funds transfers and access their account statements.

Integrated CRM: Integrated CRM is being deployed to improve customer services. CRM will host all the inbound calls, users will be able to activate / de-activate Debit cards, generate PIN and lodge complaints if any.

Bill Payments: Bill Payments are being integrated throughout the banking channels, including Internet Banking, Mobile Banking, ATM and Branchless Banking. All billers will be available uniformly throughout all the channels. Easy biller management through interactive UI.

e-Dialer: e-Dialer is an integrated corporate SMS & IVR portal. It is used for SMS aggregation of all the telecommunication companies. The aggregator service enables AMBL to send and receive SMS from our short code 8625. Multilingual SMS campaigns are also managed by e-Dialer.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The Directors consider the following as key risks:

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rates have risen significantly over the last year. The relationship between the prevailing policy rates and the Bank's interest spread will threaten the overall profitability of the Bank.

Oversight on the Bank's tolerance to interest rate risk is kept through "Asset & Liability Committee – (ALCO)" which periodically monitors and determines the rates of lending and deposit products offered by the Bank, in order to retain the customer base and maximize interest rate spreads.

Credit Risk: The risk associated with default by customers is a significant threat to the Bank. Driven by the motivation of increasing market share, a large growth in financing is prevailing in the sector, a hefty portion of which is unsecured. The macro economic trends such as inflation, recession and currency devaluation will incapacitate the borrowers to pay back their dues leading to increased losses to the Bank.

As part of a redefined lending strategy, the management has completely revamped its credit control procedures during the past periods. The management is fully committed to maintain a healthy credit portfolio by ensuring that all credit risks are completely covered.

Coronavirus Pandemic: The risk that the present slowdown in the economic activity as a results of the Coronavirus pandemic and will have adverse effects on the Bank's core business operations and future financial results.

The Coronavirus pandemic has taken a significant toll on human life around the world, disrupting logistic chains and reducing external and domestic demand, while increasing risk aversion and uncertainty about the future. At present, the impacts of this ongoing crises on the local industry and the country's economy in general, remain indefinitely uncertain. Consequently, the financial and operational effects on the entity's future prospects cannot be presently determined. However, there is a risk that if the present scenario prevails, the resulting slowdown will negatively impact fresh lending and recovery activities of the Bank. There is also a risk that the Bank's operational activities may be limited due to government imposed lockdowns and unavailability of optimal staff strength.

Retention of Qualified Staff: The importance of human capital is globally recognized. The microfinance sector is continuously facing increasing competition owing to which the retention of qualified and skilled staff is a challenge.

The management is committed to provide the right work environment which allows our employees to excel. The aim is to promote a culture of growth which not only rewards competence but also permits the work force to evolve.

Technology Risk: The risk that the Bank may be unable to cope up with new advancements in IT is quite inherent on part of better service provision to customers. The increasing competition and the dynamic needs of clients increase the importance of keeping up with technology advancements in order to provide successful solutions to the user base. Lack of innovation and progressive development in this sector may lead to loss of future business to competitors. Another aspect of this risk is the loss to the Bank from disruption to its electronic systems.

The Bank has updated its IT system during the year to incorporate state of the art technological advancements in internet and mobile banking. Additionally, the system audit department regularly monitors, highlights and reports any unusual instances and weaknesses to the Bank's Information system.

Compliance and Regulation Risk: The risk that inherently exists in financial sectors, perhaps the regulations and their respective compliances are meant to create an enabling for institutions. Excessive regulations will require a higher compliance cost for MFBs which will make it more difficult to operate profitably within the sector.

Liquidity Risk: The risk that the Bank may be unable to meet its contractual obligations in a timely manner due to a lack of funds.

The management performs periodic reviews of available liquidity. Funds are constantly monitored to maintain them at optimal liquidity levels. The Bank also maintains a substantial portfolio of highly liquid government securities that can be realized in the event of liquidity stress.

The Bank is endeavoring internally as well as externally to cater to and mitigate the impact of the aforesaid risks and uncertainties.

FUTURE OUTLOOK

We will continue to strive for the betterment of our revamped credit and information system in order to ensure continued transparency in the Bank's lending system. Further, the Bank shall implement a strategy of improving its profitability by greater coverage, asset performance and productivity.

The microfinance sector of Pakistan is recognized as a key player in the banking industry. The Bank is striving to provide financial services to the unbanked segment of the population while catering to high demands of customers. The Bank has completed the first phase of

digitization which includes internet and mobile banking services. In the next phase of its digital transformation, the Bank will also be offering branchless banking services after acquiring license of branchless banking from the SBP. Branchless Banking platform will have "Merchant Portal" and "Mobile Wallets". Any user will be able to sign up to the Bank's branchless banking account and our smart phone app will allow the users to cash in and out to the mobile wallet account using QRs, IBFT, balance enquiry, bill payments, funds transfer and account statements.

This digitization initiative will not only expand the Bank's outreach but also bring down the operational and branch level costs. Our vision is to build a technology powerhouse which caters to the needs of the payments industry and enhances the businesses of the Bank.

Subsequent to achieving the membership of PRISM, the Bank is currently in the final stages of automating its RTGS processing mechanism. This new mechanism, termed as Straight Through Processing (STP) will facilitate the transfer of large value payments in an efficient and prompt manner.

The Bank's Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR), as also referred in Note no. 1.2 to the financial statements for the year ended December 31st, 2019, is not in compliance with the requirements of Prudential Regulation for MFB's. However, the sponsors are committed to bring the CAR up to the required limit in near future.

CREDIT RATING

The long-term rating of the Bank is "BBB+" (Triple B plus) and the short-term rating is "A3" (A Three) with a "Stable" future outlook as determined by The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Ltd. (PACRA).

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

We are also committed to Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) and integrating sound social practices in our day to day business activities. CSR is an important part of who we are and how we operate. We measure our success not only in terms of financial criteria but also in building customer satisfaction and supporting the communities we serve.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The Directors are aware of their responsibility with respect to internal financial controls. Through discussion with management and auditors (both internal and external), they confirm that adequate controls have been implemented by the Bank.

CORPORATE AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAMEWORK

The Directors confirm the compliance with Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and Code of Corporate Governance for the following matters:

- The Financial Statements have been prepared by the management of the Bank and present fairly the 'state of affairs' of the Bank, the results of its operations, cash flow statement and statements of changes in equity;
- Proper books of accounts of the Bank have been maintained;
- Appropriate accounting policies as stated in the notes to the financial statements have been consistently applied for the preparation
 of the financial statements; accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment;
- These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017, the requirements of the Companies Act, 2017 and the regulations / directives issued by the SECP and the SBP. Wherever the requirements of the Companies Act, 2017, the Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001 or the regulations / directives issued by the SECP and the SBP differ with the requirements of IFRSs, the requirements of the Companies Act, 2017, the Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001 or the requirements of the said regulations / directives shall prevail;
- The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored. The ultimate responsibility of the effectiveness of the internal control system and its monitoring lies with the Board. An Audit Committee has been formed for the purpose that meets periodically and independently throughout the year with the management and the internal and external auditors to discuss the effectiveness of the internal control system and other financial reporting matters. In addition, there are financial forecasts and budgetary control procedures in place, which are reviewed and monitored throughout the year to indicate and evaluate variances from the budget;
- There is no doubt about the ability of the Bank to continue as a going concern;

- Key operating and financial data of the last six years has been included in the Annual Report;
- There is no material departure from best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in listing regulations;
- No statutory payment has been remained outstanding on account of any taxes, duties, levies and charges;
- Details of Directors' training programs are given in the Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance; and
- The Non-Executive Directors, including Independent Directors, are eligible for fees and logistic expenses for attending meetings of the Board and Board Committees as approved by the Board of Directors.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Directors are committed to good corporate governance and comply with the requirements of the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 and the Rule Book of Pakistan Stock Exchange. The statement of compliance with the CCG is enclosed.

1. The total number of directors are nine as per the following:

Category	Number of Directors
Male Director	08*
Female Director	0**

^{*}Mr. Imam Bukhsh Baloch – Independent Director is elected in election but the SBP-FPT is under process.

2. The composition of the Board of Directors (the Board) is as follows:

Category	Names
Independent Directors	Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan
Independent Directors	Mr. Imam Bukhsh Baloch *
Non-Executive Directors	Mr. Mohammad Akram Shahid (Chairman)
	Mr. Imad Mohammad Tahir
	Mr. Muhammad Asghar
	Mr. Muhammad Saleem Shaikh
	Syed Rahat Ali Shah
	Mr. Javaid Sadiq

^{*}Mr. Imam Bukhsh Baloch – Independent Director is elected in election but the SBP-FPT is under process.

The Board has formed committees comprising of the members given below:

AUDIT COMMITTEE

- Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan (Chairman)
- Mr. Muhammad Asghar
- Mr. Imad Mohammad Tahir
- Mr. Muhammad Saleem Shaikh
- Syed Rahat Ali Shah

HUMAN RESOURCE & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

- Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan (Chairman)
- Mr. Javaid Sadiq
- Mr. Imad Mohammad Tahir
- Mr. Muhammad Saleem Shaikh
- Syed Rahat Ali Shah

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD

- Mr. Muhammad Asghar (Chairman)
- Mr. Muhammad Akram Shahid
- Mr. Javaid Sadiq
- Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan
- Syed Rahat Ali Shah
- 3. The Board of Directors get the remuneration in accordance with the State Bank Circular No. AC&MFD circular no. 2 of 2019 and their Regulations. The detail of which is given in Note 32 to the Financial Statement.

^{**}One Female Director elected in election but SBP not cleared her FPT.

Changes in the Board of Directors

Two Directors of the previous Board of the Bank namely Mr. Muhammad Azam Cheema and Mr. Qamar-Uz-Zaman did not consent for the new elections held on June 18, 2019. Consequently, they are no longer part of Board of Directors (BOD). In further, two new shareholders participated in the elections and elected, namely, Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan (Independent Director) and Mr. Javaid Sadiq (Non-Executive Director). They are newly appointed directors of the board.

ATTENDANCE OF DIRECTORS IN BOARD MEETINGS

The meetings attended by the BOD during the current year are annexed to the annual report.

STATEMENT OF INVESTMENT OF PROVIDENT FUND

The Bank operates a funded provident fund scheme covering all its permanent employees. The un-audited balance of the fund as at December 31, 2019 is PKR 60.492 million (2018: PKR 36.559 million - Audited).

RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE

All transactions with related parties undertaken during the financial year were at arm's length using the comparable controlled price method, as admissible in the best interest of the Bank. The Bank has fully complied with the best practices on transfer pricing.

DIVIDEND AND APPROPRIATIONS

The Bank has neither declared a dividend nor issued bonus shares for the year due to accumulated losses of past years. However, the appropriation of current years' profit is as under:

Particulars	31 December 2019 PKR	31 December 2018 PKR
Profit after taxation	53,525,058	53,261,451
Appropriations: Transfer to:		
Statutory Reserve	(10,705,012)	(10,652,290)
Contribution to MSDF/ DPF/ RMF	(2,676,253)	(2,663,073)
	(13,381,265)	(13,315,363)
Unappropriated loss brought forward	(996,574,069)	(1,036,520,157)
Unappropriated loss carried forward	(956,430,276)	(996,574,069)

EARNINGS PER SHARE

The Basic and Diluted earnings per share of the Bank after tax is Rs.O.17. (2018: Rs.O.30 Restated).

AUDIT OBSERVATIONS

The external auditors have modified their report with respect to the tagging of old running finance portfolio built before November 2016. The auditors found the tagging both incomplete and subjective as the information was entered in the system manually on the basis of available physical record. The auditors were unable to determine the quantum of NPL's, related provision and suspension of markup with respect to old running finance portfolio due to incomplete information generated from the Bank's Information system.

In respect of the audit observation, it is to state that the cases were tagged on the basis of physically available information and said information was diligently entered in the Bank's system. We are convinced that the system is providing appropriate information about those tagged cases. We are hopeful that the auditor concerns will be satisfactorily addressed and observations removed within the upcoming periods.

Further, the external auditors have also modified their opinion with respect to non-appointment of female director as per requirement of Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 and the non-appointment of two independent directors as per the requirement of Regulation G-1 of the Prudential Regulations for Microfinance Banks. During the year the Bank appointed two independent directors and female director, however, the fit and proper test of 2nd appointed independent director is still pending at the

end of the State Bank of Pakistan. Whereas the fit and proper test of the female director has not been cleared by the regulating body. The board presently constitutes of seven directors. The external auditors modified their opinion in this regard as well since, as per regulatory requirements and resolutions of the board the total number of directors should not be less than nine.

AUDITORS

The retiring auditors' **M/s Ilyas Saeed & Co. Chartered Accountants, Lahore,** being eligible, have offered themselves for reappointment. The external auditors have been given satisfactory rating under Quality Control Review of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP). The Audit Committee has recommended their re-appointment as auditors of the Bank for the year 2020.

PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

The pattern of shareholding as at December 31, 2019 is annexed to the annual report.

TRADES IN SHARES

No trading was carried out in the shares of the Bank during the year by the Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary, Chief Internal Auditor or their spouses and minor children other than that has already been disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.

EVENTS AFTER THE DATE OF THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

There have been no material changes since December 31, 2019. The Bank has not entered into any commitment, which would materially affect its financial position at the date.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We take this opportunity to express our gratitude to our customers and business partners for their continued support and trust and we are also thankful to our associates, staff and colleagues for their committed services provided to our valued customers.

We would also like to express our gratitude to the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP), the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) and the Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX) for their continued guidance and support. We especially offer our sincere appreciation to the management of the State Bank of Pakistan for the co-operation extended to the Bank during this demanding phase. We duly acknowledge that SBP's constant support and enlightened guidelines that provided us with a reason to rethink about the future of this potential organization.

For and on behalf of Board of Directors, The Apna Microfinance Bank Limited.

Muhammad Gulistan Malik

President/CEO

Date: March 31, 2020

Lahore

Syed Rahat Ali Shah

Director

ممبران کے لیے ڈائر یکٹرزربورٹ

مزید،ا کیشرنل آ ڈیٹرز نے لٹا کیپنیز (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس)ریگولیشنز کےمطابق خاتون ڈائر کیٹراور مائیکروفنانس پروڈ بیشل ریگولیشنز G-1 کےمطابق دوخودمختار ڈائر کیٹرز کی عدم تقرری یرا بنی رائے کوموڈیفائی کیا ہے۔سال کے دوران بینک نے دوخودمخار ڈائر بکٹرز اور خاتون ڈائئر کیٹرکی تقرری کی تاہم دوسرامقرر کردہ خودمخار ڈائر کیٹر کا فٹ اینڈیرایرٹسیٹ سٹیٹ بینک آف یا کتان کے زیرالتواہے۔جبکہ ریگولیٹری باڈی نے خاتون ڈائر بکٹر کا فٹ اینڈ پراپٹیسٹ کلیئرنہیں کیا۔ بورڈ میں اس وقت سات ڈائر بکٹرز ہیں،ا بکٹٹرل آڈیٹرز نے اس سلسلے میں بھی اپنی رائے میں تبدیلی کی ہے، کیونکہ ریگولیٹری تقاضوں اور بورڈ کی قرار دادوں کے مطابق ڈائر یکٹرز کی کل تعدادنو سے کمنہیں ہونی چاہئے۔

ریٹائرنگ آڈیٹرزمیسرزالیاس معیداینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈا کاوئٹنٹس اہلیت کی بنیاد پرخودکودوبارہ تقرری کے لئے پیش کرتے ہیں۔ا یکٹولل آڈیٹرزکو یا کستان کے حیارٹرڈا کاونٹنٹس ادارے کے کوالٹی کنٹرول جائزہ کے تحت قابل اطمینان درجہ دیا گیاہے۔آ ڈٹ کمیٹی نے ان کی اگلی مدت کے لئے دوبارہ تقرری کوریکومینڈ کیاہے۔

شيئرٌ ہولڈنگ کانمونہ:

31 دّمبر2019ء کا شیئر ہولڈنگ کانمونداس سالاندر پورٹ کے ساتھ نسلک ہے۔

حصص میں تحارت:

رواں سال کے دوران ڈائر یکٹرز ، ہی ای او، چیف فنانشل آفیسر ، کمپنی سیکرٹری ، چیف انٹرنل آڈیٹریاان کے شریک حیات اور نابالغ بچوں میں سے کسی نے بھی حصص کی تجارت نہیں گی۔

سٹیٹمنٹ آف فانشل بوزیش کے بعد کے واقعات:

31 دسمبر 2019ء کے بعد کوئی اہم تبدیلی نہیں ہوئی ۔ بینک نے کوئی ایساوعدہ نہیں کیا جس سے مالیاتی پوزیشن پراٹرات مرتب ہوں۔

اعترافات:

ہم اس موقع سے فائدہ اٹھاتے ہوئے اپنے صارفین ، کاروباری شراکت داروں کی مستقل جمایت اور بھروے کے حاصل ہونے پراظہارِ شکرییش کرتے ہیں اور ہم صارفین کودی گئی پُرعزم خدمات کے لئے اپنے ملاز مین کا بھی شکر یہ ادا کرتے ہیں۔

ہم سٹیٹ بینک آف یا کستان، سکیورٹیز اینڈ ایکھینج نمیش آف یا کستان اور یا کستان سٹاک ایکھینج کوان کی مستقل رہنمائی اور تعاون کے لئے اظہارِتشکرییش کرتے ہیں۔ہم خاص طور پرسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کوخراج تحسین پیش کرتے ہیں، جن کا تعاون بینک کےمشکل وقت میں بھی شامل حال رہا۔ہم نقینی طور پرتسلیم کرتے ہیں کہ سٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کی مسلسل حمایت اور روثن رہنمائی نے ہمیں اس بینک کے مستقبل کے بارے میں سوچنے کا سبب فراہم کیا۔

منجانب بوردً آف دُائر يكثرز اينامائيكروفنانس بينك لميشد.

سيدراحت على شاه

صدراسی۔ای۔او

131ر%2020

لاہور

ممبران کے لیے ڈائر یکٹرزر بورٹ

بوردْ آف دُائرُ يكٹرز ميں تبديلياں:

پچھلے بورڈ کے دوڈائر کیٹرز جن کے نام جناب محماعظم چیمہ اور جناب قمرالز مان ہیں، نے18 جون2019ء میں ہونے والے نئے انتخابات کے لئے رضامندی ظاہر نہیں کی تھی،جس کے نتیج میں وہ اب بورڈ آ ف ڈائر کیٹرز کا حصنہیں ہیں۔اس کےعلاوہ دو نےشیئر ہولڈرز جناب عبدالعزیز خان (خودمختارڈ ائر بکٹر)اور جناب مجمد جاوید صادق (نان ا بگزیکٹوڈ ائر بکٹر) نے الیکثن میں حصہ لیااور منتخب ہوئے، وہ اب بورڈ کے نئے مقرر کر دہ ڈ ائر یکٹرز ہیں۔

بورڈ کے اجلاس میں ڈائر یکٹرز کی شرکت:

اس سال کے دوران ہونے والے اجلاسوں میں بورڈ کا ڈائز یکٹرز کی حاضر یوں کاریکارڈ سالا ندریورٹ کے ساتھ منسلک ہے۔

يراويدنث فندكى سرماييكارى كابيان:

بینک اپنے تمام مستقل ملازمین کے لئے فنڈ ڈ پراویڈنٹ فنڈ مہیا کرتا ہے،31 دیمبر2019ء کوفنڈ کا بیبلنس قبل از آ ڈٹ60.492 ملین پاکستانی روپے ہے(2018ء: 36.559 ملین یا کستانی رویے آڈٹڈ)۔

متعلقه فريقوں سے تعلقات:

متعلقہ فریقوں کے درمیان لین دین مارکیٹ کی مقرر کردہ قیبتوں کےمطابق کیا جاتا ہے۔تمام کی گئی ٹرانز یکشنز میں مناسب قیت کا طریقہ کاراستعال کیا گیا جو کہ بینک کے جمر پورمفاد میں ہے، بینک قیمتوں کی منتقلی پر بہترین ضابطے کے مطابق مکمل طوریمُل کرتاہے۔

رُ بِوِدُ نِرُ اورتَصرِفات:

پچھلے برسوں کے مجموعی خسارے کی وجہ سے نہ تو ڈیوڈ نڈاور نہ ہی بونس حصص دینے کا اعلان کیا گیا ہے، تاہم منافع کا تصرف ذیل کے تحت کیا گیا ہے:

31ونمبر2018	31 دىمبر2019	
(یا کستانی روپے)	(پاکتانی روپے)	
•	•	
53,261,451	53,525,058	منافع/(نقصان)بعدازنیکس ادائیگی
		تصرفات:
(10,652,290)	(10,705,012)	قانونی ذ خائز میں منتقلی
(2,663,073)	(2,676,253)	بی پی ایف/ایم ایس ڈی ایف/ آرایم ایف میں شراکت
(13,315,363)	(13,381,265)	
(1,036,520,157)	(996,574,069)	غيرتصرف شده خساره آ گےلایا گیا
(996,574,069)	(956,430,276)	غیرتصرف شدہ خسارہ آ گے لے جایا گیا

آمدني في خصص:

بعداز ٹیکس بنیادی اورdiluted آمدنی فی خصص 0.17روپے ہے(2018ء: 0.30روپے ریٹ پیڈ)۔

آوٹ کے مشاہدے:

ا یکسٹرن آڈیٹرزنے نومبر2016ءسے پہلے والے پرانے رنگ فنانس پورٹ فولیوکی ٹیکنگ کے حوالے سے اپنی رپورٹ کوموڈیفائی کیا ہے۔ آڈیٹرزنے اسٹیکنگ کو نامکمل اور ڈبنی پایا، کیونکہ سٹم میں معلومات، دستیاب معلومات کی بنایر ہاتھ سے درج کی گئی تھیں۔ آڈیٹر زسٹم سے نکالی گئی نامکمل معلومات کی بنایر برانے رننگ فنانس پورٹ فولیواین پی ایل (NPL)،اس کی پرووژن اور مارک اپ کی معطلی کانعین کرنے میں نا کام رہے۔اس لئے ہم اس بات پریقین رکھتے ہیں کہ بینک کاسٹم ٹیکنگ کی معلومات فیقی اور منصفانہ بنیاد پرفرا ہم کرر ہاہے،ہم پُرامید ہیں کہ آ ڈیٹرز کے خدشات کوآنے والے ادوار میں اطمینان بخش انداز میں ختم کر دیں گے۔

ممبران کے لیے ڈائر یکٹرزربورٹ

(2) بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز (بورڈ) کی تشکیل مندرجہ ذیل ہے:

رن	کیطگری
جناب عبدالعزيز خان	خودمختار ڈائر یکٹرز
جنابام بخش بلوچ _∕ ﴿	
جناب محمدا کرم شاہد (چیئر مین)	نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹرز
جناب جاويد صادق	
جناب محمد اصغر	
جناب محمسليم شيخ	
جناب عماد محمه طاهر	
سيدراحت على شاه	

* جناب امام بخش بلوچ الیکش میں خودمختار ڈائر یکٹر منتخب ہوئے الیکن ان کا ایف پی ٹی ، ایس بی بی کے زیم مل ہے۔

بورد نے حسب ذیل ارکان رمشمل کمیٹیاں تشکیل دی ہیں:

ىر 1 ۋ پ مىيىي:

..... جناب عبدالعزيز خان (چيئرمين)

..... جناب محمد اصغر

..... جناب عماد محمه طاهر

..... جناب محسليم شخ

..... سيدراحت على شاه

بيومن ريسورس ايندريمو نريش مينى:

..... جناب عبدالعزيز خان (چيئرمين)

..... جناب جاويد صادق

..... جنابعمادمحمه طاهر

..... جناب محسليم شخ

..... سيدراحت على شاه

رسك مينجمنٹ تميڻي:

..... جناب محمد اصغر (چيئر مين)

..... جناب محمدا كرم شامد

..... جناب جاويد صادق

..... جناب عبدالعزيزخان

..... سيدراحت على شاه

(3) بوردْ آف دْ ائر كيٹرزكو سٹيٹ بينك آف ياكستان كےسركلرنمبر 2019، AC&MFDء كےسركلرنمبر 2اوران ريگوليشنز كےمطابق معاوضه ملتاہے۔اس كى تفصيل مالياتى رپورٹ كےنوٹ نمبر32میں دی گئی ہے۔

ممبران کے لیے ڈائر یکٹرزر بورٹ

انٹرنل فنانشل کنٹر ولز:

ڈائر کیٹرزانٹرنل فنانش کنٹرولز کے حوالے سے اپنی ذ مہداریوں سے آگاہ ہیں،انتظامیداورآ ڈیٹرز (انٹرنل اورا کیسٹرنل) کےساتھ تبادلہ خیال کے ذریعے وہ تصدیق کرتے ہیں کہ بینک کی طرف سے مناسب کنٹر ولز لا گو کئے گئے ہیں۔

کار پوریٹ اور مالیاتی رپورٹنگ فریم ورک:

- ۔ مندرجہ ذیل معاملات کے لئے ڈائر کیٹرز نے کوڈ آف کاریوریٹ گورننس اورسیکوریٹیز اینڈ ایمپیچنج نمیشن آف پاکستان کے کارپوریٹ اینڈ فنانشل رپورٹنگ فریم ورک کے ساتھ تعلیل کی نضدیق کی
 - بینک انتظامید کی جانب سے تیار کر دہ مالیاتی گوشوار ہ منصفانہ طور پر بینک کے معاملات کی صورت حال، سرگرمیوں کے نتائج، زیرگردش نقذی اورا یکٹویٹی میں تبدیلیاں پیش کرتا ہے۔
 - ۔ بینک کے کھاتوں کا مناسب انتظام رکھا گیاہے۔
 - ۔ مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں مستقل مناسب کھاتے داری کی پالیسی کا اطلاق کیا گیاہے، نیز کھاتے داری کے مالی تخیینے موزوں اورمختاط اندازوں پربٹنی ہیں۔
- ۔ یہ مالیاتی گوشوارے پاکستان میں لا گومنظور کھاتے داری کے معیار کے مطابق تیار کئے گئے ہیں۔ان کھاتے داری کے معیار میں پیشامل ہے، بین الاقوامی مالیاتی رپورٹنگ کے معیار (IFRSs) جو کہ بین الاقوامی کھاتے داری کے معیار کے بورڈ IASB کے جاری کردہ ہیں کمپینر ایک 2017ء، مائیکرو فنانس انٹیٹیوشنز آرڈیننس2001ء، سکیورٹیز اینڈ ایمبیخ کمیشن آف پاکستان(SECP)اورسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کے جاری کر دہ قواعد وضوابط کے تحت منظور شدہ ہیں، بصورت دیگر بین الاقوامی مالیاتی رپورٹنگ کے معیار (IFRSs) کے قواعد اگر کمپنیز ا یکٹ2017ء کی ضروریات مائیکروفنانس انٹیٹیوشنز آرڈیننس2001ء پاسیکیورٹیز اینڈ ایجیجنے نمیشن آف یا کتنان اور سٹیٹ بینک آف یا کتنان کے جاری کردہ قواعد وضوابط/ہدایات میں اختلاف ہو،اس صورت میں کمپنیزا یکٹ2017ء میں ضروریات، مائیکروفنانس انشیٹیوشنز آرڈیننس2001ءیاSECP اور SBP کے جاری کر دہ قواعدوضوابط غالب ہوں گے۔
- انٹرنل کنٹرول نظام کا ڈھانچیکارآ مدہے اورموژ طریقے سے کام کررہا ہے۔انٹرنل کنٹرول کے نظام اوراس کی ٹگرانی کی حتی ذمہ داری بورڈ پرلازم ہے۔آ ڈٹ کمیٹی کی تشکیل کے مقاصد میں شامل ہے کہ وہ انٹرل کنٹرول کے نظام اور دیگر مالیاتی امور کی ریورٹنگ کےموثر اطلاق کی نگرانی کے لئے اندرونی و بیرونی آ ڈیٹرز اورانتظامیہ کےساتھ سال بھروقٹا فو قٹا آ زادانہ طور پرمشاورتی ملاقاتیں کرتا ہے۔مزید برآں یورےسال مسلسل مالی پیشین گوئی اور بجٹ کنٹرول کے ذریعے کارکرد گی کی گمرانی کی جاتی ہے۔
 - ۔ بینک کے کاروبار جاری وساری رکھنے کی اہلیت پر کوئی قابل ذکر خدشات نہیں ہیں۔
 - گزشته چهربرسول کی مالیاتی جھلکیاں اس سالا ندر پورٹ کے ساتھ منسلک ہیں۔
 - ۔ بینک نےلسٹنگ ریگولیشنز میں تفصیلی طور پر بیان کردہ کاریوریٹ گورننس کے بہترین طریقوں میں سے کسی کی بھی خلاف ورزی نہیں کی ہے۔
 - ورنمنٹ ڈیوٹی یاٹیکس کی مدمین بینک برکوئی بھی پیمنٹ واجبالا دانہیں ہے۔
 - ڈائر کیٹرز کے تربیتی پروگراموں کی تفصیل ، کوڈ آف کا پوریٹ گورنس کے ساتھ شیٹنٹ آف کمپلائنس میں دی گئی ہے۔
 - ۔ نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائر بکٹرزبشمول خودمخارڈ ائر بکٹرز بورڈ اور بورڈ کمیٹیوں کے اجلاسوں میں شرکت کے لئے اجرت اور لاجٹک اخراجات کے اہل ہیں جیسا کہ بورڈ آف ڈ ائر بکٹرز نے منظور کیا ہے۔

كار بوريث گورننس:

ڈائز کیٹرزا جھے کارپوریٹ گورننس برعملدرآ مداور لیڈ کیپینز (کوڈ آف کارپورٹ گورننس)ر گولیشنز 2019ءاور یا کستان سٹاک ایجیجنج کی رول بک کی ضروریات کو پورا کرتے ہیں۔ی تی جی کے مطابق تعمیل کابیان منسلک ہے۔

- (1) مندرجهذیل کےمطابق ڈائر یکٹرز کی کل تعدادنو ہے:
- جناب امام بخش بلوج اليكش ميں خود مختار ڈائر يكثر منتخب ہوئے اليكن ان كااليف في ٹی، ايس بی بی كے زيرعمل ہے۔
 - ا يك خاتون دُائر يكثر كواليكشن مين منتخب كيا كيابيكن ان كالف يي نُي، ايس بي بي نے كليئر نبيل كيا۔

ممبران کے لیے ڈائر یکٹرزربورٹ

اس کے الیکٹر انگ سٹم میں رکاوٹ کی وجہ سے بینک کونقصان ہوسکتا ہے۔

انٹرنیٹ اورموبائل بینکاری میں جدیدترین تکنیکی ترقی کوشامل کرنے کے لئے بینک نے اس سال کے دوران اپنے آئی ٹی سٹم کوآپ ڈیٹ کیا ہے۔مزید برآں سٹم آ ڈٹ محکمہ با قاعدگی سے نگرانی، نشاندہی کررہاہے اورکسی بھی غیر معمولی واقعات اور کمزوریوں کی اطلاع بینک کے انفار میشن سٹم کودیتا ہے۔

تغميل اور ريگوليشن كاخطره:

مالیاتی شعبوں میں پیخطرہ قدرتی طور پرموجود ہے،حالانکدر گیلیشنز اوران کی تغیل اداروں کو قابل بنانے کے لئے ہے،لیکن زیادہ ریگولیشنز کے لئے مائیکروفنانس بینکس کی تغیل کی لاگت زیادہ ہوگئی،جس کی وجہ سے انڈسٹری میں منافع کو بہتر بنانا اورمشکل ہوجائے گا۔

لیکویڈیٹی کا خطرہ:

پیخطرہ ہے کہ بینک فنڈ زکی عدم دستیابی کی وجہ سے بروقت اپنے معاہدے کی ذمہ داریوں کو پورانہ کرسکے۔

انظامیہ وقاً فو قاُدستیاب کیکویڈیٹ کا جائزہ لیتی رہتی ہے۔ فنڈ زکی مستقل نگرانی کی جاتی ہےتا کہ ان کوبہترین کیکویڈیٹ کی سطیر برقرار رکھا جا سکے۔

بینک انتہائی لیکویڈ سرکاری سیکیورٹیز کا خاطرخواہ پورٹ فولیوبھی برقراررکھتا ہے،جس کولیکویڈیٹی کے دباؤ کی صورت میں استعمال کیا جاسکتا ہے۔

ندکورہ بالاخطرات اورغیر نقینی صورت حال کے اثرات کا مقابلہ کرنے اورا سے کم کرنے کے لئے بینک اندرونی اور بیرونی سطح پرک^{وشش} کررہاہے۔

مستقبل كالائحمل:

بینک کے قرض دینے کے نظام میں شفافیت کو یقینی بنانے کے لئے ہم اپنے اصلاح شدہ کریڈٹ اورانفارمیش سٹم کی بہتری کے لئے کوشاں رہیں گے۔مزید بینک زیادہ سے زیادہ کورج ہما اثاثوں کی کارکر دگی اورپیداواری کے ذریعے اپنے منافع کو بہتر بنانے کی حکمت عملی نافذ کرے گا۔

یا کستان میں مائیکروفزانس کے شعبےکو بینکنگ صنعت میں ایک اہم جزو کے طور پرتسلیم کیا جا تا ہے۔صارفین کے اعلی مطالبات کو پورا کرتے ہوئے بینک آبادی کے غیر مخصر طبقے کو مالیاتی خدمات فراہم کرنے کی کوشش کررہا ہے۔ بینک نے ڈیجٹیلا ئزیشن کا پہلامرحلہ کمل کرلیاہے،جس میں انٹرنیٹ اورمو بائل بینکاری خدمات شامل ہیں۔ ڈیجٹیل تبدیلی کے اگلے مرحلے میں بینک سٹیٹ بینک سے برانچ لیس بینکاری کالئسنس حاصل کرنے کے بعد برانچ لیس بینکاری خدمات بھی پیش کرےگا۔ برانچ لیس بینکنگ پلیٹ فارم میں''مرچنٹ بورٹل' اور''موبائل والٹس' ہوں گے۔ کوئی بھی صارف بینک کے برانچ لیس بینکنگ اکاؤٹ میں سائن اُپ کر سکے گااور ہماری سارٹ فون ایپ صارفین کو کیوآ رز ،آئی بی ایف ٹی بیلنس نکوائری ،بل کی ادائیگی ،فنڈ زٹرانسفر کے ذریعے موبائل والث میں کیش إن اور آؤٹ کرنے کی سہولت فررا ہم کرسکے گی۔

ڈیمحیطل ئزیشن کےاس اقدام کی وجہ سے نہصرف بینک کی رسائی بڑھے گی، بلکہ آپریشنل اور براخچ سطح کےاخراجات بھی کم ہول گے۔ ہماراوژن ایساٹیکنالو ہی گڑھ بنانا ہے جو منعتی ادائیگی کی ضروریات کو بوا کرے اور بینک کے کاروبار میں اضافہ کرے۔

PRISM کی رکنیت حاصل کرنے کے بعد، بینک این RTGS پروسینگ میکانز م کوخود کار کرنے کے آخری مراحل میں ہے۔ یہ نیاطریقہ کار، جس کوسٹریٹ تھروپروسینگ (STP) کہا جا تاہے،موثر اورفوری انداز میں ہڑی رقوم کی ادائیکیوں کی منتقلی میں آسانی پیدا کرےگا۔

بینک کیCAR مائیکروفنانس کے پروڈینشل ریگولیشنز کےمطابق نہیں ہے جبیہا کہ 31 دیمبر 2019ء کی مالیاتی رپورٹ کےنوٹ نمبر 1.2 میں بھی بیان کیا گیا ہے۔ تاہم سیانسر زمستقبل قریب میں CAR کومطلوبر حد تک پہنچانے کے لئے پُرعزم ہیں۔

كريدُك ريثنگ:

یا کتان کریڈٹ ریٹنگ ایجنسی کمیٹٹ (PACRA) نے بینک کے مستقبل کے لائح عمل کے تناظر میں بینک کی لانگٹرم ریٹنگ ٹریل بی پلس (+BBB)اور شاٹ ٹرم ریٹنگ اے تھری (A3) مقرر کی ہے۔

كاروبارى ساجى ذمه دارى:

ہم کاروباری ساجی ذمہ داریاں (سی ایس آر) کے لئے بھی عزم رکھتے ہیں اور ہمارے روزمرہ کی کاروباری سرگرمیوں میں معاشی عمل متحرک رہتا ہے۔جوہم ہیں اورجس طرح ہم کام کرتے ہیں،سی الیں آ راس چیز کا اہم حصہ ہے،ہم اپنی کاروباری کامیابی کوصرف مالیاتی معیار کے لحاظ سے نہیں ما پنے بلکہ اپنے صارفین کااطمینان اور وہ طبقہ جس کوہم خدمات فراہم کرتے ہیں اس کو بھی مدنظر رکھتے

مبران کے لیے ڈائر یکٹرزربورٹ

بل کی ادا کیگی:

انٹرنیٹ بلینکنگ،موبائل بلیکنگ،اےٹی ایم اور برانچ لیس بلیکنگ سمیت پورے بلیکنگ چینلز میں بل کی ادائیکیوں کوختم کیا جار ہاہے،تمام بلزتمام چینلز میں کیسال طور پر دستیاب ہوں گے۔ انٹریکٹو UI کے ذریعے بل جمع کروانے کا آسان انتظام ہوگا۔

ای ڈانگر:

ای ڈائکر ایک کارپوریٹ SMS اور NV پورٹل ہے۔ بیتمام ٹیلی کمیونیکیشن کمپنیوں کے ایس ایم ایس کواکٹھا کرنے کے لئے استعال کیا جاتا ہے۔ بیسروس اپنا مائیکروفنانس مینکہ لمیٹڈ کے شارٹ کوڈ8625 پر SMS سیجنے اور وصول کرنے کے قابل بناتی ہے، کئی زبانوں میں ایس ایس اکٹھا کرنے کا انتظام بھی ای ڈائکر کے ذریعے کیا جاتا ہے۔

بنيادي خطرات اورغيريقيني صورت حال:

ڈائر یکٹرزمندرجہ ذیل کواہم خطرات تصور کرتے ہیں:

شرح سود:

پچھلے سال کے مقابلے میں شرح سود میں نمایاں اضافہ ہوا ہے۔ مارکیٹ میں بڑھتی ہوئی شرح سوداور بینک کے سودی سپریڈ کے مابین تعلق، بینک کے مجموعی منافع کے لئے خطرے کا باعث بے گا۔ ایسٹ اور لا ببلٹی تمیٹی (ALCO) کے ذریعے بینک کی شرح سود کے خطرے کی نگرانی کی جاتی ہے، جو وقتاً فو قناً بینک کے دیئے گئے قرضہ جات، ڈیپازٹ پراڈکٹ کی شرح پر نظر رکھتا ہے اور اس بات کونینی بنا تاہے کہ شمر بیس کو برقر ارر کھا جا سکے اور شرح سود کے سپریڈکو زیادہ سے زیادہ بڑھایا جا سکے۔

كريدُث كاخطره:

صارفین کے ڈیفالٹ سےمنسلک خطرہ بینک کے لئے ایک خاص خطرہ ہے۔مار کیٹ میں اپنا حصہ بڑھانے کے لئے قرضوں میں تیزی سےاضافہ ہور ہاہے، جبکہان قرضوں کا ایک بڑا حصہ غیر محفوظ ہوتا ہے۔وسیع اقتصادی رجحانات جیسے افراط زر،معاثی گراؤاور کرنسی کے خسارے قرض داروں کواپنا قرض واپس ادا کرنے میں نا کام کردیں گے۔

قرضوں کی وضع کی گئی نئی حکمت عملی کےمطابق انتظامیہ نے گزشتہ ادوار کے دوران اپنے کریڈٹ کنٹرول کےطریقہ کار کو بوری طرح سے بہتر بنایا ہے۔انتظامیہ تمام کریڈٹ خطرات کومکمل طوریرکور کرنے کویقینی بناتے ہوئے ایک بہتر کریڈٹ پورٹ فولیوکو برقر ارر کھنے کے لئے پُرعزم ہے۔

كوروناوائرس عالمي وبائي مرض:

یے خطرہ ہے کہ اقتصادی سرگرمی میں کوروناوائرس عالمی وبائی مرض سے پیدا ہونے والی ست روی بینک کے بنیادی کاروباری عمل اورمستقبل کے مالی نتائج پر منفی اثر مرتب کرے گی۔ کوروناوائرس عالمی وبائی مرض یوری دُنیامیں انسانی زندگی پر بُری طرح سے اثر انداز ہواہے،جس نے لاجٹک چین میں خلل ڈالا ہے اور بیرونی اور اندرونی طلب میں بھی کی ہوئی ہے،جبکہ متنقبل کے بارے میں خطرے سے بیچنے کی کوشش اورغیر بقینی صورت حال میں اضافیہ ہوا ہے۔اس وقت مقامی صنعت اورملکی معیشت پراس کے جاری بحرانوں کے اثرات غیر معینہ مدت کے لئے غیر یقینی ہیں اس کے باعث مستقبل کے ام کا نات پر مالی اور آپریشنل اثر ات کا فی الحال تعین نہیں کیا جاسکتا۔

تاہم پیخطرہ موجود ہے کہا گریمی منظرنامہ برقر ارر ہاتواس کے نتیج میں بینک کے نیخ رضول میں ست روی اور ریکوری کی سرگرمیوں پرمنفیا ٹر پڑے گا۔اس بات کا بھی خطرہ ہے کہ حکومت کی جانب سے لاک ڈاؤن اور عملے کی عدم دستیانی کی وجہ سے بینک کی آپیشنل سر گرمیاں محدود ہوسکتی ہیں۔

قابل ساف کی برقراری:

انسانی وسائل کی اہمیت عالمی سطح پرتسلیم کی جاتی ہے۔تاہم مائیکر وفنانس کے شعبے میں مسلسل بڑھتی ہوئی مقابلے بازی کی وجہ سے قابل اور ہنر مندسٹاف کی برقر اری مشکل ہوتی چلی جار ہی ہے۔ ا نتظامیہ کام تصحیح ماحول کی فراہمی کے لئے پُرعزم ہے، جو ہمارے ملاز مین کوکار آمد بنائے گا۔اس کامقصد ترقی کی نقافت کوفروغ دینا ہے، جو نہصرف قابلیت کونواز تا ہے، بلکہ ورک فورس کو بھی ترقی کرنے کی اجازت ویتاہے۔

ٹیکنالوجی کا خطرہ:

یے خطرہ ہے کہ بینک شائد ٹیکنالوجی میں آنے والی ترقی اپنانے میں اور بہتر سروں دینے میں ناکام رہے۔ بڑھتی ہوئی مقابلے بازی اور صارفین کی متحرک ضروریات کا کامیاب حل فراہم کرنے میں ٹیکنالوجی کی اہمیت مزید بڑھتی جارہی ہے۔اس شعبے میں جدت کی کمی اور بڑھتی ہوئی ترقی کی وجہ ہے مستقبل میں ہم کاروبار حریفوں کے ہاتھوں کھوٹیٹھیں گے۔اس خطرے کا ایک اور پہلویہ ہے کہ

مبران کے لیے ڈائر یکٹرزربورٹ

رواں سال کے دوران بینک نےسٹیٹ بینک آف یا کستان کی جانب سے مائیکروفنانس بینکس کے لئے جاری کردہ پروڈینشل ریگولیشنز کےمطابق1.275 بلین یا کستان رویے کی پرووژن کے خلاف قرضے رائٹ آف کردیئے ہیں۔انظامیہ غیر متحکم قرضوں کو کم ہے کم کرنے کے لئے متعقبل میں قابل اعتبار قرضے دینے اور ریکوری کی کوشش کی پابند ہے۔

گزشتہ سال کے آخر میں بینک کے ڈیپازٹ 15.867 بلین پاکستانی روپے کے اعدادو شار کے برخلاف، دسمبر 2019ء میں مجموعی طور پر 18.317 بلین پاکستان روپے کے ساتھ، گزشتہ سال کے دوران2.451 بلین پاکتانی روپے کا اضافیہ وا۔ بینک کے ڈیپازٹ کی موومنٹ کی حکمت عملی کا مقصد کرنٹ اور سیونگ ڈیپازٹس (CASA) پرزور دینے کے ساتھان کے بہترین تناسب

موجودہ معاشی حالات کے اثرات اورسال کے دوران پالیسی شرحوں میں لگا تاراضا نے کی وجہ سے مائیکروفنانس سیکٹرکواپنے ڈیپازٹرز کواس سے بھی زیادہ شرح پیش کرنا پڑی،جس کے متیج میں ڈیپازٹ کی قیت میں اضافہ اور منافع کے مارجن میں کمی واقع ہوئی، جو کہ بینک کے سودی اخراجات میں 98. 50 فیصد کے اضافے سے ظاہر ہوتا ہے۔ان حدود کا مقابلہ کرنے کے لئے بینک نے اپنی ڈیپازٹ پراڈکٹ کے لئے سٹر میجک منصوبہ تیار کیا،جس پڑمل کرتے ہوئے کم لاگت کے ڈیپازٹ کوراغب کیا،جس میں بینک کے ڈیپازٹ کس (CASA) پر توجہ شامل ہے تا کہ قابل قبول حدتک مارک أب *اسود کے اخراجات کو برقر اررکھا جاسکے*۔

بینک نے رواں سال کے دوران اپنے رائٹ شیئر زایشو کاعمل کمیل کیا۔93,984,962 حصص کی مجموعی مقدار ڈائر کیٹر زاسپانسر زاور جزل ممبر زکوجاری کئے گئے تھے،جس نے دسمبر 2019ء کے آخر میں خصص کیپیٹل کو3.439 بلین پاکتانی روپے تک بڑھایا، جودتمبر2018ء تک2.50 بلین پاکتان روپے تھا۔رواں سال کے دوران سپانسرز نے350 ملین پاکتانی روپے کا فریش کیپیٹل متعارف کرایا،جس کے نتیجے میں بینک کی ایکویٹی فقصانات کے بعد پچھلے سال کے مقابلے میں 403ملین پاکستانی روپے بڑھ گئی ہے۔

یداعدادوشارسرمایدکاروں کے بدیک کے اقدامات پراعتمادی علامت ہے جو کدکامیاب مستقبل کی عکاسی کرتا ہے۔

د یجیٹل سروسز کا پیش منظر:

موجودہ تیزی ہے ڈیجیٹلا ئز ہوتی بینکاری کی دُنیا میں انفارمیشن ٹیکنالوجی کی اہمیت کونظرا نداز نہیں کیا جاسکتا۔جدید بینکاری انتہا کی متحرک ہےجس میں تکنیکی جدت،صارفین کی آگاہی اورطلب میں اضافے کے نتیج میں تیزی سے تبدیلیاں رونما ہوئی ہیں۔ ڈیجیٹل بینکنگ سروسز کی فراہمی اس شعبے کے درمیان مسابقت کی ایک شرط ہے اور کامیابی کے لئے بنیادی اہمیت کی حامل ہے۔اسی کے پیش نظرحال ہی میں بینک نے اپنے آئی ٹی سٹم کواَپ ڈیٹ کیا ہے تا کہنی آفرزاپنے صارفین کومتعارف کرائی جاسکیں جو کہ ان کی تمام ڈیجیٹل سروسز کی ضروریات کو پورا کریں گی۔ بینک کے آئی ٹی ای گریڈیشن کے نمایاں نکات درج ذیل ہیں:

ADC مونج اي كريديش اور ما ئيكريش:

ا پنا مائیکروفنانس بینک کمیٹٹ پرانے ADC سونچ کواپ گریٹر کے'SMART VISTA'' پر منتقل کررہاہے جو کہایک جدید ترین تبدیلی ہے۔ ADC سونچ کی پیرجدت بینک کومختلف ڈیجیٹل چینلز کی سروسز سے مربوط کرے گاتا کہ بینک کی سروسز کوڈیجیٹلی تبدیل کیا جاسکے۔

انٹرنیٹ ببینکنگ:

بینک اینے اکا وُنٹ ہولڈرزکوانٹرنیٹ بینکنگ کی سروسز بیش کرر ہاہے صارفین IBFT، بیلنس انکوائزی کی سہولت کواستعال کرسکیں گے۔بل کی ادائیگی ،فنڈ زکی منتقلی اورصارفین کواینے اکا وُنٹ کی الشيمنش تك رسائي حاصل ہوگی جو کہ ڈیجیٹل تبدیلی کا حصہ ہے۔

مومائل بينكنگ:

بینک اپنے اکاؤنٹ ہولڈرز کو Android اور iOS پرمبنی موبائل بینکنگ سارٹ فون اپلی کیشن پیش کررہا ہے۔صارفین بیلنس انکوائری، بل کی ادائیگی، فنڈ ز کی منتقل اوراپنے اکاؤنٹ کی المنتيشمنٹس تک رسائی حاصل کرسکیں گے۔

انظير يطرسي آرايم:

کسٹمرسروس کوبہتر بنانے کے لئے انٹیگریٹڈی آ رایم لگایاجار ہاہے۔ ی آ رایم بینک کےاندرصارفین کی کالزکو سنے گا۔صارفین ڈیبٹ کارڈ کوفعال/غیرفعال کرنے ، پن جمزیٹ کرنے اوراگر شکایات ہوں تو درج کر واسکیں گے۔

ممبران کے لیے ڈائر یکٹرزر بورٹ

ا پنامائیکر وفنانس مینک کمیٹڈ کے ڈائز کیٹرزانتہائی مسرت کے ساتھ 31 دیمبر2019ء کوٹتم ہونے والے مالی سال کے لئے اپنی رپورٹ بمعہ آ ڈٹڈ مالیاتی اعلیمٹٹس اوراس پر آ ڈیٹرزر پورٹ پیش کر رہے ہیں۔

رئىپل سرگرمى، ترقى اور مالى كاركردگى:

ا پناہ ائیکروفنانس بینک لمیٹڈ ایک پیلک لمیٹڈ بینک کےطور پر ہنااوراس کے قصص یا کتان سٹاک ایجیجنج پر درج ہیں، بینک کا بنیادی کاروبار مائیکروفنانس انسٹیٹیوشنز آرڈیننس2001ء کے تحت غربت کو کم کرنے کے نظریجے سے معاشرے کے غریب اور پسماندہ طبقے کو مائیکر وفٹانس بینکنگ سے متعلقہ خدمات مہیا کرنا ہے۔ سٹیٹ بینک آف یا کستان (ایس بی پی) نے سال 2019ء کے دوران سود کی شرحوں میں 325 میس یوائٹ کااضافہ کیا،جس سے دسمبر 2019ء میں پالیسی شرح 13.25 فیصد ہوگئی جو دسمبر 2018ء میں 10.00 فیصد تھی۔اس نے سال کے دوران مہنگا کی کی سطح میں اضافے اور وقتاً فو قتاً کرنسی کی قدر میں کمی کے ساتھ ساتھ مائیکروفنانس سیٹر پر گہرااثر ڈالا ہے۔جس میں کم وصولی ،ایڈوانس پورٹ فولیومیں مسائل اور رائٹ آف شامل ہیں۔اعلیٰ پالیسی نرخوں نے ڈیپازٹ کی لاگت میں اضافہ کیاہے،جس نے مائیکروفنانس کے مجموعی منافع کے مارجن کو کم کر دیا گیاہے،ان بیرونی چیلنجوں اور متعدد حدود کے باوجودا پنامائیکروفنانس مینک لمیٹڈاپٹی سرشار کاوشوں اور بہتر انتظام کے ساتھ ساتھ اپنے سیانسرز کے عزم کی وجہ سے بتدر ہے تی کررہا ہے۔

سال31 دسمبر2019ء کے دوران بینک کی مالیاتی کارکردگی مندرجہ ذیل ہے:

%	31 دئمبر2018 (پاکستانی روپ پ	31 دئمبر 2019 (پاکتانی روپے)	كوائف
(0.38)%	8,812,740,994	8,779,226,353	فراہم کیا گیا کل ایڈوانس (پرووژن کے بعد)
15.45%	15,866,330,742	18,317,083,706	ڈیباِزنشاوردیگر اکاؤنٹس
34.38%	2,157,835,801	2,899,784,536	مارك أپ آمدنی
50.98%	(800,799,272)	(1,209,081,032)	مارک اَپاخراجات
12.51%	(1,595,647,431)	(1,795,186,386)	انظامی اخراجات
0.49%	53,261,451	53,525,058	منافع بعداز نيكس ادائيگي

ماضی کے رجحانات کے مطابق گزشتہ سال 2018ء کے 53.26 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے منافع کے مقابلے میں اس سال بدیک نے بعد از ٹیکس اوا کیگی 53.52 ملین پاکستانی روپے کا منافع ظاہر کیا۔ بینک کی ایکوئی1,871.97 ملین پاکستانی روپے ہے، جبکہ 31 دیمبر 2019ء تک بینک کے کل اٹا شے17,623.05 ملین پاکستانی روپے سے بڑھ کر20,543.25 ملین یا کستانی رویے ہو گئے ہیں۔

روال مدت کے دوران بینک نے 31 دسمبر 2019ء میں 55,674 شئے صارفین کوتقریباً 5.114 بلین پاکستانی روپے کے قرضے دیئے۔ بینک کے بورٹ فولیو میں مجموعی طور پراین پی ایل کا تناسب گزشته سال کے مقابلے میں نمایاں طور پر کم ہواہے جو کہ قابل تعریف ہے اور اصلاح شدہ قرضہ فراہمی کے نظام کی شفافیت کی تصدیق کرتا ہے۔

روال سال کے دوران بینک نے9.072 بلین پاکتانی روپے کے مجموعی کریڈٹ پورٹ فولیو پر293.57 ملین پاکتانی روپے کی پرووژن ریکارڈ کی ،جبکہ گزشتہ برس کے دوران 10.087 بلین پاکستانی روپے کے مجموعی کریڈٹ پورٹ فولیو پر88.32 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی پرووژن ریکارڈ کی گئ تھی،اس اضافے کی وجہموجودہ معاثی حالات جبیبا کہ افراطِ زرمیں زیادتی اورمہنگائی ہے، جس نے قرض لینے والوں کی آمدنی کومتا ٹر کیا جو کہ قرضوں کی وصولی میں تاخیر کا سبب بنی ہے۔ان منفی حالات سے نمٹنے کے لئے انتظامیہ نے بینک کے کریڈٹ پورٹ فولیو کو کنٹرول کرنے کے لئے رسک بیبنی نئی حکمت عملی وضع کی اوراس بڑمل درآ مدکیا ہے۔

ا نظامیہ نے مائیکروفنانس بیکس کے پروڈینشل ریگولیشنز کےمطابق7,676ملین پاکستانی روپے کے کریڈٹ پورٹ فولیو پر122 ملین پاکستانی روپے کی پرووژن ریکارڈ کی تاہم1,402 ملین پاکستانی روپے کے پرانے کریڈٹ پورٹ فولیو پر 3ملین پاکستانی روپے کی پرووژن انتظامیہ نے اندازے کےمطابق ریکارڈ کی (مالیاتی اشٹیٹمنٹس کے نوٹ نمبر 1.1.1 اور 11.4 ملاحظہ کرس)۔

MEETINGS OF THE BOARD

Board of Director's attendance for the year 2019

Name of Directors	Meetings Due	Meetings Attended
Mr. Muhammad Akram Shahid	5	5
Mr. Imad Mohammad Tahir	5	5
Mr. Muhammad Saleem Shaikh	5	4
Mr. Muhammad Asghar	5	5
Syed Rahat Ali Shah	5	5
Mr. Imam Bukhsh Baloch	4	4
Mr. Javaid Sadiq	1	1
Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan	1	1

MEETINGS OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

From January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2019

Name of Directors	Meetings Due	Meetings Attended
Mr. Imam Bukhsh Baloch	3	3
Mr. Muhammad Asghar	4	4
Mr. Muhammad Saleem Shiekh	4	4
Syed Rahat Ali Shah	4	4
Mr. Imad Mohammad Tahir	4	3
Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan	1	1

Annexure 'A'

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019

Name of company: Apna Microfinance Bank Limited.

Year ending: December 31, 2019

The company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

- 1. The total numbers of director are 9 as per the following:
- a) Male: 8 (Note: Mr. Imam Bukhsh Baloch, Independent Director is elected in election but the SBP clearance is in process)
- b) Female: 0 (Note: one female Director elected in election but SBP not cleared her FPT, subsequently will be reappointed)
- 2. The composition of board is as follows:
- a) Independent Directors: 2
- b) Other Non-Executive Director: 6
- c) Executive Directors: President/ CEO is a deem Director
- d) Female Director: None
- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this company (excluding the listed subsidiaries of listed holding companies where applicable).
- 4. The company has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 6. All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by board/shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose. The board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of board.
- 8. The board of directors has a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations. The remuneration of directors have been revised and approved by the stakeholders, post facto in Annual General Meeting.
- 9. The Board has arranged Directors' Training program for the following:

The Board is already attended and certified from PICG as Certified Director, Mr. Muhammad Akram Shahid and Mr. Saleem Shaikh, and Syed Rahat Ali Shah has attended the training programs and certified by ICAP in April 2018 during the correspondent period.

- 10. The board has approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- 11. CFO and CEO duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the board.

Annexure 'A'

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019

12. The board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

	3
a) Audit Committee	
Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan	Chairman
Mr. Muhammad Asghar	Member
Mr. Imad Mohammad Tahir	Member
Mr. Muhammad Saleem Shaikh	Member
Syed Rahat Ali Shah	Member
b) HR and Remuneration Committee	
Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan	Chairman
Mr. Javaid Sadiq	Member
Mr. Imad Mohammad Tahir	Member
Syed Rahat Ali Shah	Member
Mr. Muhammad Saleem Shaikh	Member
c) Risk Management Committee	
Mr. Muhammad Asghar	Chairman
Mr. Muhammad Akram Shahid	Member
Mr. Javaid Sadiq	Member
Syed Rahat Ali Shah	Member
Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan	Member

(Note: The name of Mr. Imam Bukhsh Baloch will be considered for the member of the Board's Committee as and when SBP Fit& Proper will be cleared.)

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings (quarterly/half yearly) of the committee was as per following:

a) Audit Committee
 b) HR and Remuneration Committee
 c) Risk Management Committee (if applicable)
 d) Quarterly
 Half yearly
 Half yearly

- 15. The board has set up an effective internal audit function, which are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the company.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all requirements 3,8,27,32,33 and 36 of the regulations have been complied with;
- 19. Explanation for non-compliance with requirements, other than regulations 3,8,27,32,33 and 36 are submitted.

For Apna Microfinance Bank Ltd.

Muhammad Akram Shahid Chairman

Date: March 31, 2020

Lahore

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

To the members of Apna Microfinance Bank Limited

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in the repealed Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017 and the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019.

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance contained in the repealed Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017 and the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations), prepared by the Board of Directors of Apna Microfinance Bank Limited (the Bank) for the year ended December 31, 2019 in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Bank. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Bank's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Bank's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Bank to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Bank's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Bank to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions and also ensure compliance with the requirements of Section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out procedures to assess and determine the Bank's process for identification of related parties and that whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Further, we highlight below instances of non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations as reflected in the note/paragraph reference where these are stated in the Statement of Compliance:

- a) The Bank does not have female director as required under Regulation 7 of the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019, where under it is mandatory that the Board shall have at least one female director when it is reconstituted after the expiry of its current term.
- b) The Board of Directors have resolved that the number of Directors for the election of Directors shall be nine. However, the Board is currently operating with seven Directors.
- c) The Bank does not have two independent directors as required under Regulation G-1 of the Prudential Regulations for Microfinance Banks, where under every microfinance institution is required to have at least 2 independent directors.

Based on our review, except for the above instances of non-compliance, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Bank's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Chartered Accountants

Engagement partner: Muhammad Ilyas

Lahore:

Date: March 31, 2020

ETHICS AND BUSINESS PRACTICES

All employees of Apna Microfinance Bank Limited, hereafter called AMBL, are required to follow a Code of Ethics and Business Practices in all areas of professional conduct. They must abide by the following:

LAWS AND RULES

- All the employees are required to comply with all the laws, rules and regulations governing AMBL, including the Bank's
 policies, procedures and standards, the State Bank of Pakistan and the Security and Exchange Commission of Pakistan's
 regulations applicable to the Bank.
- All employees must function with integrity within the scope of their authorities and follow directives given by the person(s) under whose jurisdiction they are deputed with complete honesty.
- Core value of 'Integrity' must be promoted by upholding fairness, equality and respect for all team members. Discrimination, harassment of all types, intimidation and other negative practices are strictly prohibited.
- Harassment includes any unwanted, immoral act or attitude, including abuse of authority, creating a hostile environment
 and retaliation to non compliance with unethical demands, which is demeaning or detrimental to work performance or
 the career of any employee in any capacity.
- Adherence to designated time schedules is imperative. The Bank is entitled to take disciplinary action in case of unauthorized absences.
- No employee shall indulge in any political activity, including forming or joining a political, ethnic or linguistic association; get elected to a legislative body, in Pakistan or elsewhere, or indulge in any activity detrimental to the ideology of Pakistan.
- All full-time employees must devote their entire business day to their work; avoid any outside activity that interferes with their judgment in the best interest of the Bank and its clients. The Human Resource & Recruitment Department must be informed in case an employee:
- Holds an outside directorship; carries on business activity outside; holds majority shares/interest in a public or private business; takes direct advantage of securities of a public listed company, or serves as a client's personal representative.
- No employee shall bring political or other outside pressure/ influence to bear on the authorities/superior officers or use the media with intent to induce them to act in a manner inconsistent with rules in any matter relating to the Bank.
- Employees are prohibited from any engagement outside the Bank without prior approval from the Human Resource & Recruitment Department. Employees with financial or other interest in any family business must declare in advance by writing and seek no objection.
- Employees shall not borrow from or lend personal funds or property to any Client or Vendor who has a relationship with the Bank except on market terms and conditions from financial institutions. Borrowing or lending in personal capacity within the Bank is prohibited.
- Employees shall be alert and vigilant with respect to frauds, thefts or significant illegal activity committed within the
 office, reporting them immediately in writing to higher authority for appropriate action to be taken. Employment or
 Internship Certificates can only be issued by the Human Resource & Recruitment Department. Receipts of funds can
 only be issued on prescribed forms.
- Disciplinary action may be taken in case of misconduct or unsatisfactory performance including breach of above mentioned rules; willful insubordination; breach of confidential material; use of drugs or alcohol; falsification of documents; violation of safety/health rules; insider trading; parallel banking; money laundering and any act detrimental to the Bank's business.

ETHICS AND BUSINESS PRACTICES

WORKPLACE ENVIRONMENT

- The Bank is committed to create and maintain a working, learning and customer care environment, which is free from violence and has zero tolerance for violence against any employee or its property.
- Employees are not allowed to play practical jokes or pranks on each other, indulge in horseplay, or share immoral jokes with other employees or the outside world, through Apna bank email server or computer, or cell phones.
- Employees are prohibited to use, exchange, or sell intoxicants or drugs in the work place or come to work under their influence.
- Employees are required to maintain proper dress code, appear well groomed and presentable at all the time. Livery staff should be in their proper uniform. High standards of behavior and tidy work areas are to be maintained at all times.

RESPONSIBILITIES TOWARDS EMPLOYER (AMBL)

- Employees must raise concerns and suspicions, in confidence, about any actual or potential illegal activity or misconduct according to the process in Whistle Blowing Policy and the Anti Harassment Policy. Failure to do so will result in employee being deemed a party to the irregularity.
- Guidance must be sought from relevant department in case any employee receives any demand or request for information from outside party including law enforcement agencies.
- Every employee must protect the Bank's assets, physical and intellectual, and adhere to its Email and Internet Usage Policy and Acceptable Use Policy.
- Employees must maintain all records accurately and are prohibited from making any false or misleading entries, forging or tampering with signatures to compromise integrity of Bank's record.
- Employees are required to identify all conflicts of interest and declare them immediately, including all matters expected to interfere with their duty to the Bank or ability to make unbiased and objective recommendations.

INFORMATION MANAGEMENT

- All employees shall regard as strictly confidential any information concerning the business of the Bank which is not
 intended to be made public unless required to do so under the law, consulting the Human Resource & Recruitment
 Department in case of ambiguity about a required disclosure. Confidential information must only be shared with
 employees on a need to know basis consistent with their job assignments as set out in Information Security and
 Governance Policies.
- All customers' related information should be kept secret, used for intended purpose only and any further use should be allowed only after prior consent of the concerned customer.
- Employees should protect the privacy and confidentiality of personnel records, not sharing them inside or outside the Bank except after approval by Human Resource & Recruitment Department.
- Employees should not use Bank's facilities to access, download or distribute personal or social information, including any material that may pose reputational risk to the Bank. Secrecy of passwords must be maintained to prevent unauthorized access to Bank's systems. Personal use of internet and email is deemed inappropriate in the workplace. Private telephone conversations must be kept at a minimum during office hours.

ETHICS AND BUSINESS PRACTICES

• Only officially designated spokesperson, as provided under the Bank's Media Policy, may provide comments about the Bank to the media.

RELATIONSHIP WITH AND RESPONSIBILITIES TO CUSTOMERS, PROSPECTS AND OTHER EXTERNAL CONSTITUENCIES

- Employees must always act fairly, equitably and objectively with all customers, prospects, suppliers and other external constituencies. Highest degree of integrity, honesty, proprietary and loyalty, towards the interest of the Bank, its customers and regulators is a must.
- Employees are not authorized to accept or agree to accept any gifts or conveyance of anything of value from any current or prospective Apna bank customers or vendors or any person who has a business relationship with the Bank with exception of the following:
- Gifts that relate to commonly recognized events or occasions such as a promotion, new job, wedding, retirement etc. provided those gifts are of reasonable value.
- Gifts from a person who has a business relationship with the Bank, provided the acceptance is based on relationship existing independent of the business of the Bank and reported to the Human Resource & Recruitment Department.
- Benefits available to the general public e.g. advertising or promotional materials, and discount or rebates on merchandise or services
- Civic, charitable, educational or religious organizational awards for recognition of service or accomplishment.

OTHER KEY LEGAL/COMPLIANCE RULES AND ISSUES

- Employees are strictly prohibited to engage in insider trading, buying or selling Bank's common stocks or otherwise benefitting from sharing inside information, whether obtained through workplace or outside sources.
- AMBL fully supports the intended drive against serious crime and is committed to assist the authorities to identify money laundering transactions and where appropriate to confiscate the proceeds of crime. Employees must follow the Anti Money Laundering Policy and Procedures.
- Violation of any of the clauses of this 'Code of Ethics' by any employee, may lead to disciplinary proceedings culminating in punishment as per merits of the case.

Date: March 31, 2020

Lahore

PATTERN OF **SHAREHOLDING**

As at 31 December 2019

	Sharel	nolding	
Number of Shareholders	From	То	Total Shares Held
283	1	100	2,757
96	101	500	40,332
31	501	1000	29,155
39	1001	5000	109,014
5	5001	10000	36,670
2	10001	15000	24,759
3	15001	20000	51,505
3	20001	25000	65,179
1	25001	30000	25,108
1	35001	40000	36,000
1	40001	45000	41,500
1	55001	60000	60,000
1	115001	120000	115,922
1	170001	175000	171,992
1	210001	215000	211,833
1	240001	245000	244,000
1	375001	380000	375,939
1	995001	1000000	1,000,000
1	1060001	1065000	1,064,000
1	3025001	3030000	3,027,067
1	3325001	3330000	3,326,687
1	4200001	4205000	4,203,311
1	4540001	4545000	4,541,977
1	5800001	5805000	5,803,050
1	8460001	8465000	8,462,237
1	8615001	8620000	8,618,522
1	9995001	1000000	10,000,000
1	15320001	15325000	15,324,877
1	55150001	55155000	55,151,688
1	68745001	68750000	68,746,573
1	153070001	153075000	153,073,308
485			343,984,962

CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 December 2019

Categories of Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentage %
Directors Chief Everytive Officer And Their Spayso(s) and A	linor Children	
Directors, Chief Executive Officer And Their Spouse(s) and M	500	
Syed Rahat Ali Shah	500	
Mr. Muhammad Asghar Mr. Muhammad Saleem Shaikh		
Mr. Imam Bukhsh Baloch	500	
	500	
Mr. Javaid Sadiq Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan	1,000	
	1,000	
Mr. Muhammad Akram Shahid	15,324,877	
Mr. Imad Mohammad Tahir	55,151,688	
Sub T	otal 70,480,565	20.49
Associated Companies, Undertaking and Related Parties		
The United Insurance Company Of Pakistan Ltd	153,073,308	
United Track System (Pvt) Limited	68,746,573	
Tawasul Healthcare Tpa (Private) Limited	5,803,050	
United Software and Technologies International (Pvt.) Limited	4,390,687	
Saudi Pak Insurance Company Limited	8,462,237	
Shahida Bilquis	10,000,000	
Sub-To	otals 250,475,855	72.82
		·
Joint Stock Companies, insuarance companies and others		
Fancy Petroleum Services (Pvt.) Limited	36,000	
First National Energy (Pvt.) Limited	4,000	
Darson Securities (Pvt) Limited	99	
Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited	59	
Maple Leaf Capital Limited	1	
Sub-To	otals 40,159	0.01
General Public - Local		
General Public - Local	22,988,383	6.68
Grand 1	otal 343,984,962	100.00

LIST OF CDC BENEFICIAL OWNERS HOLDING **SHARES BY SPONSORS DIRECTORS**

For the year ended 31 December 2019

Shareholder's Category	Number of Shareholders	Number of Shares	Percentage %
Directors, Chief Executive Officer Their Spouse(s) & Minor Children.	8	70,480,565	20.49
Associated Companies, Undertakings & Related Parties.	6	250,475,855	72.82
Joint Stock Companies, insuarance companies and others	5	40,159	0.01
General Public	466	22,988,383	6.68
Total	485	343,984,962	100.00

LIST OF CDC BENEFICIAL OWNERS HOLDING SHARES 10% AND ABOVE

For The Year Ended 31 December 2019

Name, Father's Name & Address of Shareholder(s)	Holding	Percentage %
The United Insurance Company Of Pakistan Ltd	153,073,308	44.50
United Track System (Pvt) Limited	68,746,573	19.99
Imad Mohammad Tahir	55,151,688	16.03

MAJOR LOANS PRODUCTS



Value Chain Financing



APNA Gold



APNA Pension Loan



APNA Business Loan



APNI Sawari – 4 Wheeler



APNI Sawari Deals



APNA Salary Loan



APNA Tractor Loan



APNA House Loan



APNA Live Stock Loan

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

APNA MICRO FINANCE BANK LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the members of Apna Microfinance Bank Limited Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of Apna Microfinance Bank Limited (the Bank), which comprise the balance sheet as at December 31, 2019, and the profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the cash flow statement together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017, and the Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Bank's affairs as at December 31, 2019, and of the profit, other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

As disclosed in note 1.1.1 to the financial statements, the Bank's lending operations were suspended by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) in November, 2016. Till then the Bank's information system had not been classifying micro-credits (Running Finance) cases as non performing advances, making any provision and suspending related income. Subsequently, the Bank was allowed to resume the lending operations from June 2017. In the year 2018, the Bank claimed to have completed the tagging of old running finance portfolio pertaining to the period prior to November, 2016, by manual input. We have found the tagging both incomplete and subjective. We are, therefore, unable to verify the non performing advances out of Rs. 1,387 million (2018: Rs 2,915 million) & provision of Rs. 1 million (2018: Rs. 601 million) as per note 1.1.1 and suspended income of Rs 261 million (2018: Rs. 449 million) of the said portfolio built before November, 2016, as per note 11.5. Further, we are unable to determine the quantum of non-performing advances, related provision and suspended income of running finance portfolio relating to the period prior to November 2016 in accordance with the requirements of Prudential Regulations due to incomplete information / details generated from the Bank's information system.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Bank in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

Without further qualifying our opinion, we draw attention towards Note 1.2 to the financial statements which states that the Bank was unable to meet the regulatory requirements of "Prudential Regulations for Microfinance Banks" issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) with regard to the Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) which fell below the minimum required ratio (equivalent to at least 15% of their risk weighted assets) as at December 31, 2019.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Bank's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bank's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Bank as required by the Companies Act, 2017 and the Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001;
- b) the balance sheet, the profit and loss account, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the cash flow statement together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 and the Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001, and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Bank's business; and
- d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 was deducted by the Bank and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is **Muhammad Ilyas**.

Chartered Accountants

Lahore:

Date: March 31, 2020

BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 December 2019

	Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
ASSETS			
Cash and Balances with SBP and NBP	8	1,342,224,336	1,585,615,708
Balances with other Banks / NBFIs / MFBs	9	5,464,027,515	2,910,830,798
Lending to Financial Institutions		-	-
Investments - Net of Provisions	10	1,045,912,390	884,469,380
Advances - Net of Provisions	11	8,779,226,353	8,812,740,994
Operating Fixed Assets	12	927,788,157	857,383,100
Other Assets	13	2,486,413,916	2,083,823,515
Deferred Tax Asset	14	497,660,859	488,183,434
Total Assets		20,543,253,526	17,623,046,929
LIABILITIES			
Deposits and other accounts	15	18,317,083,706	15,866,330,742
Borrowings	16	6,597,519	9,369,059
Subordinated Debt	-	-	-
Other Liabilities	17	345,245,310	273,601,040
Deferred Tax Liabilities	•	-	-
Total Liabilities		18,668,926,535	16,149,300,841
NET ASSETS		1,874,326,991	1,473,746,088
REPRESENTED BY:			
Share capital	18	3,439,849,620	2,500,000,000
Discount on issue of shares		(1,335,963,831)	(950,000,000)
Share deposit money	19	696,215,185	900,078,363
Statutory reserve		22,636,885	11,931,873
Depositors' protection fund		5,659,222	2,982,969
Unappropriated loss	_	(956,430,276)	(996,574,069)
		1,871,966,805	1,468,419,136
Surplus / (Deficit) on Revaluation of Assets		-	-
Deferred Grants	20	2,360,186	5,326,952
Total Capital		1,874,326,991	1,473,746,088

MEMORANDUM/OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

21

The annexed notes from 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

President / CEO

Chief Financial Officer

Chairman

Director

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the year ended 31 December 2019

	Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
Mark-up/Return/Interest Earned	22	2,899,784,536	2,157,835,801
Mark-up/Return/Interest Expensed	23	(1,209,081,032)	(800,799,272)
Net Mark-up / Interest Income		1,690,703,504	1,357,036,529
Provision against non-performing loans and advances	11.3	(293,568,067)	(88,324,302)
Provision for diminution in the value of investments		-	-
Recovery against bad debts written off		692,048	781,448
Bad debts written off directly		(202.076.010)	(07.542.054)
Net Mark-up/Interest Income after provisions		(292,876,019) 1,397,827,485	(87,542,854) 1,269,493,675
NON MARK-UP/NON INTEREST INCOME			
Fee, Commission and Brokerage Income		120,003,072	176,634,556
Dividend Income		-	-
Other Income	24	369,252,276	250,020,105
Total non mark-up/Non interest Income		489,255,348	426,654,661
		1,887,082,833	1,696,148,336
NON MARK-UP/NON INTEREST EXPENSES		(4.705.406.006)	(4.505.047.404)
Administrative expenses	25	(1,795,186,386)	(1,595,647,431)
Other provisions/write offs/adjustment Other charges	26	(2 552 000)	-
Total non mark-up/Non interest expenses	20	(2,552,000)	(1,595,647,431)
Total non mark-up/Non interest expenses		89,344,447	100,500,905
Extra ordinary/unusual items		-	-
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	•	89,344,447	100,500,905
Taxation -Current	27	(45,296,814)	(29,180,879)
-Prior years		-	-
-Deferred		9,477,425	(18,058,575)
	<u> </u>	(35,819,389)	(47,239,454)
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		53,525,058	53,261,451
Unappropriated loss brought forward		(996,574,069)	(1,036,520,157)
(Loss) / Profit available for appropriation APPROPRIATIONS:	······	(943,049,011)	(983,258,706)
Transfer to:			
Statutory Reserve		(10,705,012)	(10,652,290)
Capital Reserve			-
Contribution to MSDF/ DPF/ RMF		(2,676,253)	(2,663,073)
Revenue Reserve		-	-
Proposed cash dividend Rs. Nil per share (2018: Rs. Nil per share)		-	-
Others		(13,381,265)	(13,315,363)
Unappropriated Loss carried forward		(956,430,276)	(996,574,069)
Earnings per share-Basic (2018: Re-stated)	28.1	0.17	0.30
Earnings per share -Diluted	28.2	0.17	0.15

The annexed notes from 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

President / CEO

Chief Financial Officer

Chairman

Director

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STATEMENT OF **IPREHENSIVE INCOME**

For the year ended 31 December 2019

	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION	53,525,058	53,261,451
Other comprehensive income/(loss):		
Items that will not be reclassified to the profit and loss account	-	-
Items that may subsequently be reclassified to the profit and loss account	_	_
	-	-
Comprehensive income transferred to equity	53,525,058	53,261,451
Components of comprehensive income / (loss) not reflected in equity:		
Net change in fair value of available-for-sale investments	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	53,525,058	53,261,451

The annexed notes from 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

President / CEO

Chief Financial Officer

Chairman

Director

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the year ended 31 December 2019

N	2019 ote Rupees	2018 Rupees
CASH FLOW FROM ORFRATING ACTIVITIES		
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before taxation	89,344,447	100,500,905
Adjustments for non-cash charges		
Depreciation	88,474,202	77,123,257
Amortization of intangibles	4,315,710	3,522,297
Amortization of deferred grants	(2,966,766)	(3,278,165)
Provision against non-performing advances	293,568,067	88,324,302
Deficit on revaluation of government securities	-	3,279,516
(Gain) / Loss on disposal of fixed asset	(166,910)	73,145
	383,224,303	169,044,352
Operating cash flow before working capital changes	472,568,750	269,545,257
Changes in working capital		
(Increase)/Decrease in operating assets		
Advances	(260,053,426)	(4,103,324,646)
Other assets	(384,780,440)	(186,490,321)
Held for trading securities	(51,999,283)	-
	(696,833,149)	(4,289,814,967)
Increase/(Decrease) in operating liabilities		
Deposits	2,450,752,964	3,337,603,573
Other liabilities	71,644,270	41,436,234
	2,522,397,234	3,379,039,807
Income tax paid	(63,106,775)	(37,928,306)
Net cash flow from / (used in) operating activities	2,235,026,060	(679,158,209)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net investments in held to maturity securities	(109,443,727)	(225,986,485)
Investments in operating fixed assets	(147,444,659)	(57,677,560)
Investments in intangible assets	(17,262,100)	(118,694)
Sale proceeds from disposal of operating fixed assets	1,678,700	1,185,000
Net cash used in investing activities	(272,471,786)	(282,597,739)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	250 022 611	400.070.202
Net increase in Share deposit money	350,022,611	400,070,283
Re-payments of demand finance	(2,771,540)	(192,916,187)
Net cash flow from financing activities	347,251,071	207,154,096
Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	2,309,805,345 4,496,446,506	(754,601,852)
		5,251,048,358
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	6,806,251,851	4,496,446,506

The annexed notes from 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

President / CEO

Chief Financial Officer

Chairman

Director

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUIT

	Capital	Issue Of Shares	Snare Deposit Money	Statutory Reserve	Protection	Unappropriated Loss	Total
J				Rupees	5		
Balance as at January 01, 2018	2,500,000,000	(920,000,000)	500,008,080	1,279,583	319,896	(1,036,520,157)	1,015,087,402
Comprehensive income for the year							
Profit after taxation	1	1	1	1	1	53,261,451	53,261,451
Transfer to statutory reserves				10,652,290	-	(10,652,290)	
Transfer to depositors protection fund			E		2,663,073	(2,663,073)	
Other comprehensive income / (loss)	1		-			·	•
Total comprehensive income for the year				10,652,290	2,663,073	39,946,088	53,261,451
Transactions with owners directly recorded in equity		h.A			4.4		
Shares issued against share deposit			1				
money	1	1	1	1	1	1	•
Share deposit money received			400,070,283				400,070,283
			400,070,283				400,070,283
Balance as at December 31, 2018	2,500,000,000	(950,000,000)	900,078,363	11,931,873	2,982,969	(996,574,069)	1,468,419,136
Comprehensive Income for the year	,						
Profit after taxation	,	1	1	1	1	53,525,058	53,525,058
Transfer to statutory reserves	1		•	10,705,012	1	(10,705,012)	1
Transfer to depositors protection fund	-	1	•	1	2,676,253	(2,676,253)	1
Other comprehensive income / (loss)	1	1	•	1	-	-	•
Total comprehensive income for the year	1	1	1	10,705,012	2,676,253	40,143,793	53,525,058
Transactions with owners			4				
directly recorded in equity							
Share deposit money received during							
the year	1	•	350,022,611	1	•	1	350,022,611
Shares issued against share deposit							
money	939,849,620	'	(553,885,789)	1	'		385,963,831
Discount on issue of shares	-	(385,963,831)	1	1	-	-	(385,963,831)
	939,849,620	(385,963,831)	(203,863,178)	1	-	1	350,022,611
Balance as at December 31, 2019	3.439.849.620	(1.335.963.831)	696.215.185	22.636.885	5.659.222	(956,430.276)	1.871.966.805

The annexed notes from 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

President / CEO

For the year ended 31 December 2019

1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 Apna Microfinance Bank Limited (the Bank) was incorporated on May 08, 2003 as a public limited Bank under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 now the "Companies Act, 2017" (the Companies Act). The Bank was granted certificate of commencement of business on December 28, 2004 and started its operations on January 01, 2005. Its shares are listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The Bank's principal business is to provide microfinance services to the poor and underserved segment of the society as envisaged under the Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001. The Bank has been operating at national level in Pakistan. The Bank has 123 business locations comprising of 116 branches and 7 service centers (2018: 123 business locations comprising of 116 branches and 7 service centers) in operation. Its registered office is situated at K-4/3 and 4/4, Ch. Khaliq-uz-Zaman Road, Gizri, Karachi in the Province of Sindh and its head office is situated at 23 A, Sundar Das Road, Zaman Park, Lahore, in the Province of Punjab.
- 1.1.1 In consequence of an inspection by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP), the lending operations of the Bank were suspended from November, 2016. Till then the Bank's information system had not been classifying micro-credits (Running Finance) cases as non performing advances, had not been making any provision and had not been suspending related income. Provisioning on said portfolio was determined manually on the basis of management's subjective assessment.

Subsequently, the Bank was allowed to resume the lending operations from June 2017. The Bank has built up fresh portfolio as from June, 2017, amounting to 7,670 million (2018: Rs 6,705 million) against which the related provision has been recorded and markup is suspended in accordance with the Prudential Regulations for Microfinance Banks. In year 2018, the Bank has completed the tagging of old running finance portfolio pertaining to the period prior to November, 2016, by manual input on the basis of available information in physical record.

Following the said suspension of operations, the Bank faced enormous operational & financial difficulties and fell short of its regulatory requirements named as Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR) and Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR). However, owing to managements and sponsors below given extraordinary efforts, commitments and dedications, the Bank overcame all of its financial and operational hurdles and emerged as a survivor in microfinance industry.

Subsequent to resumption of financing operations, the Bank built up a new credit portfolio. The portrait of growth in the fresh portfolio and recovery of the old portfolio is stated below:

	December - 2019			December - 2018			
Particulars	Term	Running	Total	Term	Running	Total	
	Finance	Finance	Portfolio	Finance	Finance	Portfolio	
		Rs. In Million			Rs. In Million		
Loan portfolio built before							
November-2016							
Micro credits	15	1,387	1,402	467	2,915	3,382	
Less: Provision held							
- Specific	2	1	3	438	601	1,039	
- General	-	96	96	-	100	100	
	2	97	99	438	701	1,139	
	13	1,290	1,303	29	2,214	2,243	
Loan portfolio built from June-2017							
Micro credits	2,817	4,853	7,670	4,535	2,170	6,705	
Less: Provision held		-					
- Specific	91	31	122	66	5	71	
- General	27	45	72	45	20	65	
	118	76	194	111	25	136	
	2,699	4,777	7,476	4,424	2,145	6,569	
Advances - Net of provisions	2,712	6,067	8,779	4,453	4,359	8,812	

For the year ended 31 December 2019

- (b) During the year 2019, sponsors of the Bank have injected fresh capital of Rs. 350 million (2018: Rs. 400 million) and have undertaken to provide further financial support, if required, enabling the Bank to conduct its affairs in such a way that it will be able to meet its financial obligations.
- **1.2** As at December 31, 2019 the Bank could not meet the regulatory requirements of "Prudential Regulations for Micro Finance Banks" issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP), mentioned as under;

"Regulation R-5 (C): Only those MFBs that are fully compliant with Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR) and Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) (equivalent to at least 15% of their risk weighted assets) shall be eligible to undertake microenterprise lending".

The Capital Adequacy Ratio of the Bank fell below the minimum ratio required as at December 31, 2019. However, as explained in Note 1.1.1 (b) above, the Bank is hopeful of bringing its CAR upto the required limit in near future.

2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These financial statements have been presented in accordance with Banking Supervision Department (BSD) Circular No.11 dated 30 December 2003 issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP).

3 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

- 3.1 These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The approved accounting standards comprise of the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017, the requirements of the Companies Act, 2017, the Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001, the Prudential Regulations for Microfinance Banks / Institutions and the directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) and the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP). Wherever the requirements of the Companies Act, 2017, the Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001, the Prudential Regulations for Microfinance Banks / Institutions or the directives issued by the SECP and SBP differ from the requirements of the IFRSs, the requirements of the Companies Act, 2017, the Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001, the Prudential Regulations for Microfinance Banks / Institutions or the requirements of the said directives shall prevail.
- 3.2 SBP has deferred the applicability of International Accounting Standards (IAS) 39 'Financial Instruments Recognition and Measurement' and International Accounting Standards (IAS) 40 'Investment Property ' for Banking Companies through BSD Circular No. 10 dated August 26, 2002. Further, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) has deferred applicability of IFRS-7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures" through its notification S.R.O 411(1) / 2008 dated April 28, 2008. Accordingly, the requirements of these standards have not been considered in the preparation of these financial statements. However, investments have been classified and valued in accordance with the requirements prescribed by SBP through various circulars.

4 STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS TO STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

4.1 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards becoming effective in the current year:

The following standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been effective and are mandatory for the financial statements of the Bank for the periods beginning on or after January 01, 2019 and, therefore, have been applied in preparing these financial statements.

For the year ended 31 December 2019

		Effective Date (annual period beginning on or after)
IFRS 3	Business Combinations - Amendments resulting from Annual Improvements 2015-2017 Cycle (remeasurement of previously held interest)	01 January 2019
IFRS 11	Joint Arrangements - Amendments resulting from Annual Improvements 2015- 2017 Cycle (remeasurement of previously held interest)	01 January 2019
IFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers	01 July 2018
IFRS 16	Leases	01 January 2019
IAS 12	Income Taxes - Amendments resulting from Annual Improvements 2015–2017 Cycle (income tax consequences of dividends)	01 January 2019
IAS 19	Employee Benefits - Amendments regarding plan amendments, curtailments or settlements	01 January 2019
IAS 23	Borrowing Cost - Amendments resulting from Annual Improvements 2015–2017 Cycle (borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation)	01 January 2019
IAS 28	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures - Amendments regarding long-term interests in associates and joint ventures	01 January 2019

The Bank has adopted IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers' and IFRS 16 "Leases' from January 01, 2019. The impact of the adoption of these standards and the new accounting policies are explained in note 7.1.

The management considers that adoption of above standards, amendments and interpretations has no material impact on the Bank's financial statements other than presentation or disclosure.

4.2 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards becoming effective in the current year but not relevant:

There are certain amendments to standards that became effective during the year and are mandatory for the Bank for accounting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2019 but are considered not to be relevant to the Bank's operations and are, therefore, not disclosed in these financial statements.

4.3 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards becoming effective in future periods:

The following standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been published and are mandatory for the Bank for the accounting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.

		Effective Date (annual period beginning on or after
-	Amendments to Conceptual Framework	01 January 2020
IFRS 3	Business Combinations - Amendments to clarify the definition of a business	01 January 2020
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments classification and measurements	01 January 2021
IFRS 14	Regulatory Deferral Accounts	01 July 2019
IAS 1	Presentation of Financial Statements - Amendments regarding the definition of material	01 January 2020
IAS 8	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors - Amendments regarding the definition of material	01 January 2020

For the year ended 31 December 2019

IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' and amendment - Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation

IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' and amendment – Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation – for Banks and DFIs, the effective date of the standard has been extended to annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2021 vide SBP BPRD Circular No. 4 dated October 23, 2019. IFRS 9 replaces the existing guidance in IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. IFRS 9 includes revised guidance on the classification and measurement of financial instruments, a new expected credit loss model for calculating impairment on financial assets, and new general hedge accounting requirements. It also carries forward the guidance on recognition and derecognition of financial instruments from IAS 39. According to SBP circular referred to above, the Banks / DFIs / MFBs are required to have a parallel run of IFRS 9 from January 01, 2020 and are also required to prepare pro-forma financial statements which includes the impact of IFRS 9 from the year ended December 31, 2019.

The management anticipates that adoption of above standards and amendments in future periods except IFRS 9 will have no material impact on the Bank's financial statements other than presentation or disclosure.

4.4 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards becoming effective in future period but not relevant:

There are certain new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations that are effective for different future periods but are considered not to be relevant to the Bank's operations, therefore these are not disclosed in these financial statements.

5 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain investments which are measured at fair value and amortized cost.

6 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with approved IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Bank's accounting policies. The estimates / judgments and associated assumptions used in the preparation of the financial statements are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The estimates / judgments and associated assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to the accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The estimates, judgments and assumptions that have significant effect on the financial statements are as follows:

- Classification and valuation of investments (Note 10)
- Provision against non-performing advances (Note 11)
- Residual values and useful lives of assets and methods of depreciation (Note 12.2)
- Amortization of intangibles (Note 12.3)
- Amortization of deferred grant (Note 20)
- Recognition of current and deferred taxation (Note 27)

7 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted and applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, except for the changes mentioned in note 7.1.

For the year ended 31 December 2019

7.1 Changes in Accounting Policy

First time adoption of IFRS 16 - Leases

This standard was notified by the SECP to be effective from annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2019. Accordingly, the Bank has adopted IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach as permitted under the specific transitional provisions in the standard. This standard replaces existing guidance on accounting for leases, including IAS 17, Leases, IFRIC 4, Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, SIC-15, Operating Leases - Incentive, and SIC-27, Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease.

IFRS 16 introduces an on-balance sheet lease accounting model for leases entered by the lessee. A lessee recognizes a right-of-use asset representing its right of using the underlying asset and a corresponding lease liability representing its obligations to make lease payments. Lessor accounting remains similar to the current standard i.e. lessors continue to classify leases as either finance or operating leases.

The right-of-use assets recognized subsequent to the adoption are measured based on the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred. The right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over the lease term as this method most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits. The right-of-use assets are reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of lease liability.

In applying IFRS 16 for the first time, the Bank has used the following practical expedients permitted by the standard:

- grandfathered the assessment of which transactions are lease on the date of initial application;
- the use of a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics;
- reliance on previous assessments on whether leases are onerous;
- the accounting for operating leases with a remaining lease term of less than 12 months as at January 1, 2019 as short-term leases;
- the exclusion of initial direct costs for the measurement of the right-of-use asset at the date of initial application; and
- the use of hindsight in determining the lease term where the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.

There is no significant impact of the standard on these financial statements of the Bank on initial adoption.

The Bank has treated its operating leases as short term leases and the payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognized on a straight line basis as an expense in profit or loss.

IFRS 15 'Revenue from contracts with customers'

IFRS 15 establishes a comprehensive framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is recognized. It replaces IAS 18 Revenue, IAS 11 Construction Contracts and related interpretations. Under IFRS 15, revenue is recognized when a customer obtains control of the goods or services. Determining the timing of the transfer of control at a point in time or over time requires judgement.

The Bank has adopted IFRS 15 on January 01, 2019 retrospectively in accordance with IAS 8 without practical expedient. The timing or amount of the Bank's income from contract with customers was not impacted by IFRS 15. The application of IFRS 15 has no impact on the financial position and/or financial performance of the Bank. Accordingly, there was no adjustment in retained earnings on initial application of IFRS 15 as from January 01, 2019.

For the year ended 31 December 2019

7.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises of cash in hand, balances with the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP), National Bank of Pakistan (NBP) and balances held with other Banks / NBFIs and MFBs.

7.3 Investments

The investments of the Bank, upon initial recognition, are classified as held-for-trading, held-to-maturity or available-for-sale, as appropriate.

Investments other than held-for-trading are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs associated with investments. Held-for-trading investments are initially measured at fair value and transaction costs are expensed out in the profit and loss account.

Purchase and sale of investments that require delivery within the time frame established by regulation or market convention are recognized at the trade date, which is the date the Bank commits to purchase or sell the investments.

Held-for-trading

These represent securities, which are either acquired for the purpose of generating profit from short-term fluctuations in prices or dealer's margin or are securities included in the portfolio in which a pattern of short-term profit making exists. After initial recognition, such investments are carried at fair value and the surplus / (deficit) arising as a result of revaluation is taken to the profit and loss account.

Held-to-maturity

These are securities with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities in respect of which the Bank has the positive intent and ability to hold till maturity. After initial recognition, such investments are carried at amortized cost less impairment, if any.

Available-for-sale

These represent securities, which do not fall under the held-for-trading or held-to-maturity categories. After initial recognition, such investments are measured at fair value. The surplus/ (deficit) arising on revaluation is shown in the balance sheet below equity which is taken to the profit and loss account when actually realized upon disposal.

Premium or discount on securities classified as available-for-sale and held-to-maturity is amortized using effective interest method and taken to the profit and loss account.

Provision for impairment in the value of equity securities is made after considering objective evidence of impairment. Provision for diminution in the value of debt securities is made as per the Prudential Regulations for Microfinance Banks.

7.4 Advances including net investment in micro lease

Advances are stated net of specific and general provisions which are determined on the basis of Prudential Regulations for Microfinance Banks. Advances are written off according to the Prudential Regulations or when there is no realistic prospect of recovery.

Leases, where substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are transferred to the lessee, are classified as micro lease. A receivable is recognized at an amount equal to the present value of the lease payments. The difference between the gross receivable and the present value of the receivable is recognized as unearned finance income.

For the year ended 31 December 2019

7.5 Operating fixed assets

Capital work-in-progress

All expenditure connected with specific assets incurred during installation and construction period are carried under this head. These are transferred to specific assets as and when these assets are available for use. These are carried at cost less impairment loss, if any.

Property and equipment

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Depreciation is charged to the profit and loss account by applying the straight line method using the rates specified in note 12.2 to the financial statements. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month in which the asset is acquired while no depreciation is charged in the month of disposal. The asset's residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. The effect of any revision is charged to profit and loss account for the year, when the change arises.

Maintenance and repairs are charged against income as and when incurred. Subsequent costs including major renewals and improvements are capitalized when it is probable that respective future economic benefits will flow to the Bank.

An item of fixed asset is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use.

Gains and losses on disposals, if any, of assets are determined by comparing the sale proceeds with the carrying amount of asset and are included in income currently.

Intangible assets

Expenditure incurred to acquire software and other development costs are capitalized to the extent that future economic benefits are expected to be derived by the Bank.

These are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Amortization is charged over the estimated useful life of the asset on a systematic basis to income applying the straight line method at the rate specified in note 12.3 to the financial statements.

Amortization on additions is charged from the month in which the assets are available for use while no amortization is charged in the month in which the asset is disposed off or de-recognized.

7.6 Impairment

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to ascertain whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. An impairment loss is recognized, as an expense in the profit and loss account. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. Value in use is ascertained through discounting of the estimated future cash flows using a pre tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the assets for which the estimate of future cash flows have not been adjusted. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units).

An impairment loss is reversed if there is a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized previously. Reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the profit and loss account.

For the year ended 31 December 2019

7.7 Receivables

Receivables are recognised at nominal amount which is fair value of the consideration to be received in future less an estimate made for doubtful receivables based on review of outstanding amounts at the year end.

7.8 Payables

Liabilities for payables are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Bank.

7.9 Taxation

Current

Provision for current taxation is based on the taxable income at current rates of taxation after taking into consideration available tax credits and rebates, if any, in accordance with provisions of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. The charge for tax also includes adjustments, where considered necessary relating to prior years.

Deferred

Deferred tax is recognized using the balance sheet liability method, on all temporary differences arising at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that the future taxable profits will be available against which the assets may be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be realized. Unrecognized deferred tax asset are reassessed at each balance sheet date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow deferred tax asset to be realized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the periods when the asset is expected to be utilized or the liability is expected to be settled, based on the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

7.10 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Bank has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

7.11 Employee benefits

Defined contribution plan

The Bank operates an approved funded contributory provident fund for all its permanent employees to whom equal monthly contributions are made both by the Bank and the employees at the rate of 10% per annum of basic salary. The contributions made by the Bank are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due.

For the year ended 31 December 2019

7.12 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for services provided in the normal course of business.

- Mark-up / return / interest on regular advances is recognized on accrual / time proportion basis using effective interest rate method at the Bank's prevailing interest rates for the loan products. Profit on classified advances is recognized on receipt basis.
- Return on investment is recognized on accrual basis using effective interest rate method.
- Income on net investment in micro lease is recognized over the term of the lease so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding in respect of the lease. Income on classified micro lease is recognized on receipt basis in compliance with the Prudential Regulations for Microfinance Banks issued by the SBP.
- Fee, commission and brokerage income is recognized when earned.
- Dividend income from investments is recognized when Bank's right to receive the dividend is established.
- Gain or loss on sale of securities is accounted for in the period in which the sale / settlement occurs.
- Income on balances with other banks is recognized in the profit and loss account as it is earned.

7.13 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Bank becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial assets are de-recognized when the contractual right to future cash flows from the asset expire or is transferred along with the risk and rewards of the asset. Financial liabilities are de-recognized when obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. Any gain or loss on de-recognition of the financial assets and liabilities is recognized in the profit and loss account of the current year.

7.14 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are set off and the net amount is reported in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amount and the Bank intends either to settle the assets and liabilities on a net basis or to realize the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously. Income and expense items of such assets and liabilities are also off-set and the net amount is reported in the financial statements.

7.15 Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which the derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value using appropriate valuation techniques. All derivative financial instruments are carried as assets when fair value is positive and liabilities when fair value is negative. Any change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments is taken to the profit and loss account.

7.16 Related party transactions

Prices for transactions with related parties are determined using the comparable uncontrolled price method except for those transactions which, in exceptional circumstances, are specifically approved by the Board.

For the year ended 31 December 2019

7.17 Deposits

Deposits are initially recorded at the amount of proceeds received. Mark-up accrued on deposits is recognized separately as part of other liabilities.

7.18 Foreign currencies

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Bank operates. The financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the Bank's functional and presentation currency.

Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in currencies other than Pak Rupee are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date except where forward exchange contracts have been entered into for repayment of liabilities, in that case, the rates contracted for, are used. Gains and losses arising on retranslation are included in the profit and loss account for the year.

Translation gains and losses

Translation gains and losses are included in the profit and loss account.

7.19 Deferred grants

Grants are initially recognized at fair value in the balance sheet when there is reasonable assurance that the grants will be received and the Bank will comply with all the attached conditions. Grants that compensate the Bank for expenses incurred are recognized as other income in the profit and loss account on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred. Grants that compensate the Bank for the cost of an asset are recognized in the profit and loss account as other income on a systematic basis over the estimated useful life of the asset.

7.20 Earnings per share

The Bank presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Bank by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

7.21 Statutory Reserve

The Prudential Regulations for Microfinance Banks require the microfinance banks to create a statutory reserve which shall be credited an amount equal to at least 20% of its annual profits after taxes till such time the reserve fund equals to Paid-up Capital of Microfinance bank and thereafter, an amount not less than 5% of its annual profits after taxes.

7.22 Depositors' Protection Fund

The Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001 requires Microfinance banks to maintain Depositors' Protection Fund (DPF) for the purpose of mitigating risk of its depositors to which shall be credited not less than 5% of the annual profits after taxes.

For the year ended 31 December 2019

			2019	2018
8	CASH AND BALANCES WITH SBP AND NBP	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Cash in hand - Local currency		461,769,843	440,164,743
	Balance with State Bank of Pakistan	8.1	694,606,155	832,264,937
	Balance with National Bank of Pakistan in:	-		•
-	- Current Account		160,691,770	313,186,028
	- Deposit Account	8.2	25,156,568	-
			1,342,224,336	1,585,615,708

- This represents balance maintained in current accounts with the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) to meet the 8.1 requirements of maintaining a minimum balance equivalent to not less than 5% of the Bank's time and demand liabilities in accordance with Regulation R-3 of the Prudential Regulations for Microfinance Banks issued by the SBP.
- 8.2 This carries mark-up rate at 11.25% per annum (2018: Nil).

9	BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS/NBFIs/MFBs	Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
•	In Pakistan			
	- In current accounts		43,991,546	127,165,114
	- In deposit accounts	9.1	2,620,035,969	2,333,665,684
	- Certificates of deposits	9.2	2,800,000,000	450,000,000
			5,464,027,515	2,910,830,798

- These carry mark-up rates ranging from 11.25% to 14.35% per annum (2018: 6.50% to 11.00% per annum). 9.1
- 9.2 These represent placement with different financial institutions carrying mark-up ranging from 14.50% to 15.00% per annum (2018: 8.50% to 8.90% per annum). Their maturity ranges from three months to six months from the date of placement.

			2019	2018
10	INVESTMENTS - NET OF PROVISIONS	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Held-to-maturity:			
	Treasury Bills -Federal Government Securities	10.1	893,953,107	783,228,010
***************************************	B.R.R Guardian Modaraba - Term Finance Certificates (TFC's)	10.2	-	1,261,370
-	Silk Bank Limited - Term Finance Certificate (TFC's)	10.3	99,960,000	99,980,000
•			99,960,000	101,241,370
	Held for trading:			
	Mutual Fund - Alfalah GHP Money Market Fund - 529,898 units			
	(2018:Nil)		51,999,283	-
			1,045,912,390	884,469,380

This represents T-Bills issued for periods of three months having maturities ranging from January 02, 2020 to 10.1 February 13, 2020. These carry yields of 12.97% to 13.40% per anum (2018: 8.65% to 10.26% per anum). These securities have an aggregate face value of Rs. 900 million. (2018: Rs. 790 million).

For the year ended 31 December 2019

- 10.2 It represented investment in 4000 units of diminishing Musharakah based Sukuk certificates issued by B.R.R Guardian Modaraba. This investment was rescheduled in the year 2016 with the repayments ending on April 06, 2019. It carried markup at the rate of 1 month KIBOR plus 1.5% per annum (2018: 1 month KIBOR plus 1.5% per annum).
- 10.3 This represents investment in 20,000 units in TFC's issued by Silk Bank Limited. The investment will mature on August 10, 2025. It carries mark-up at the rate of 6 months KIBOR plus 1.85% per annum (2018: 6 months KIBOR plus 1.85% per annum).

			2019		20	18
11	ADVANCES - NET OF PROVISIONS	Note	No. of Loans Outstanding	Rupees	No. of Loans Outstanding	Rupees
	Micro credits	11.1	107,843	9,071,889,849	102,659	10,087,136,105
	Less: Provision held: - Specific	11.2	2,987	125,104,748	10,848	1,109,836,363
	- General	11.3	_	167,558,748 292,663,496		164,558,748 1,274,395,111
	Advances - Net Of Provisions	•		8,779,226,353		8,812,740,994

11.1 All advances are secured by personal guarantees including gold loans amounting to Rs. 306.11 million (2018: Rs. 219.89) million).

11.2 Particulars of non-performing advances

Advances include Rs. 486.62 million (2018: Rs. 1,309 million) which have been placed under non performing status as detailed below:

			2019		2018			
	Category of Classification	Principal Amount Outstanding	Provision Required	Provision Held	Principal Amount Outstanding	Provision Required	Provision Held	
			Rupees			Rupees		
	OAEM	69,749,555	-	-	98,397,446	-	-	
	Sub-standard	93,911,048	16,611,471	16,611,471	45,979,635	9,806,033	9,806,033	
-	Doubtful	200,980,930	69,930,167	69,930,167	89,314,851	40,723,874	40,723,874	
	Loss	65,159,576	37,312,472	37,312,472	620,183,191	617,925,522	617,925,522	
-	Written off	56,827,820	1,250,638	1,250,638	455,138,742	441,380,934	441,380,934	
		486,628,929	125,104,748	125,104,748	1,309,013,865	1,109,836,363	1,109,836,363	
	Particulars of		2019			2018		
11.3	provision against	Specific	General	Total	Specific	General	Total	
11.5	non-performing advances		Rupees			Rupees		
	Opening balance	1,109,836,363	164,558,748	1,274,395,111	1,139,749,422	46,321,387	1,186,070,809	
***************************************	Charge/ (reversal) for the year	290,568,067	3,000,000	293,568,067	88,324,302	-	88,324,302	
	Transferred (from)/to	-	-	-	(118,237,361)	118,237,361	-	
•	Amount written off	(1,275,299,682)	-	(1,275,299,682)	-	-	-	
	Closing balance	125,104,748	167,558,748	292,663,496	1,109,836,363	164,558,748	1,274,395,111	

For the year ended 31 December 2019

I.3.1 Particulars of write offs:		2018
11.5.1 Tarticulars of write ons.	Rupees	Rupees
Against Provision	1,275,299,682	-

- 11.4 The provision has been made in accordance with the terms of Prudential Regulations for Microfinance Banks issued by the SBP and managements' subjective assessment.
- 11.5 On the basis of above non performing loans, the Bank has suspended markup income of Rs. 339 million (2018: Rs. 606.77 million) of which suspended income pertaining to running finance portfolio built prior to November, 2016 is Rs. 261 million (2018: Rs. 449 million).

12	OPERATING FIXED ASSETS	Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
12	OI ERATING TIALD ASSETS	Note	Kupees	кирссз

	Capital work in progress			
•	Advance payment to suppliers	12.1	40,642,212	75,835,323
	Property and equipment	12.2	850,338,981	757,687,203
	Intangible assets	12.3	36,806,964	23,860,574
			927,788,157	857,383,100

12.1	Particulars	Leasehold improve- ments	Furniture and fixtures	Electricity and office equipment	Computer hardware & peripheral	Total
				Rupees		
	Balance as on January 01, 2019	38,533,718	24,962,068	6,166,971	6,172,566	75,835,323
	Additions during the year	34,228,524	6,128,194	-	-	40,356,718
***************************************	Transfer to fixed assets	(38,152,510)	(30,829,112)	(5,872,119)	(696,088)	(75,549,829)
	Balance as on December 31, 2019	34,609,732	261,150	294,852	5,476,478	40,642,212

For the year ended 31 December 2019

ai (ا ا <i>د</i>	Decei	111	JE	r 201	9		
Written down	value as at 31 December 2019		375 127 142	1	121,618,426	192,375,463	52,554,628	108,663,322	850,338,981
	As at 31 December 2019		74 656 032	100,000	41,296,759	96,419,049	68,923,631	42,817,142	324,112,613
iation	(Adjustments)	Rupees	,			-		(490,710)	(490,710)
Depreciation	Charge for the year		21124972	1 0 1 1 1	11,301,122	24,602,010	17,392,996	14,053,102	88,474,202
	As at 01 January 2019		53 531 060	0,50	29,995,637	71,817,039	51,530,635	29,254,750	236,129,121
	Rate (%)		ம)	10	10-20	20-30	20	
	As at 31 December 2019		449 783 174		162,915,185	288,794,512 10-20	121,478,259 20-30	151,480,464	(2,002,500) 1,174,451,594
st	(Deletions)	Rupees				-		(2,002,500)	(2,002,500)
Cost	Additions	Rup	36 948 409	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	40,364,877	15,415,686	19,538,554	70,370,244	182,637,770
	As at 01 January 2019		412 834 765	00-1-1	122,550,308	273,378,826	101,939,705	83,112,720	993,816,324
2019	Particulars		l easehold improvements		Furniture and fixtures	Electricity and office equipment	Computer hardware & peripheral	Motor vehicles	Total

2018		S	Cost		Date		Depreciation	ciation		Written down
Particulars	As at 01 January 2018	Additions	(Deletions)	As at 31 December 2018	(%)	As at 01 January 2018	Charge for the year	(Adjustments)	As at 31 value as at 31 December 2018	value as at 31 December 2018
		Rupees)ees					Rupees		
Leasehold improvements	387,085,641	25,749,124	1	412,834,765	2	34,068,561	19,462,499	•	53,531,060	359,303,705
Furniture and fixtures	113,976,038	8,574,270	-	122,550,308	10	19,570,977	10,424,660	-	29,995,637	92,554,671
Electricity and office equipment	259,233,324	14,145,502	1	273,378,826	10-20	48,790,664	23,026,375	1	71,817,039	201,561,787
Computer hardware & peripheral	84,956,566	17,050,678	(62,539)	101,939,705	20-30	36,557,263	14,984,066	(10,694)	51,530,635	50,409,070
Motor vehicles	81,419,360	3,158,360	(1,465,000)	83,112,720	20	20,292,793	9,225,657	(263,700)	29,254,750	53,857,970
Total	926,670,929	68,677,934	(1,532,539)	993,816,324		159,280,258	77,123,257	(274,394)	236,129,121	757,687,203

12.2.1 Property and equipment includes assets costing Rs. 26.488 million (2018: Rs. 23.184 million) which are fully depreciated and still in use.

12.2.2 There is a hypothecation charge over motor vehicles amounting to Rs. 17.85 million (2018: Rs. 17.85 million). The hypothecation charge has been created under a hire purchase agreement with Soneri Bank Ltd.

Property and equipment 12.2

For the nber 2019

				2019			
Particulars	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Written down value	Sales Proceeds / Insurance Claim	Gain/(loss) on Disposal of Fixed Asset	Mode of disposal	Particulars of Buyer/Insurer
			Rupees				
r vehicles	1,898,000	(417,560)	1,480,440	1,613,700	133,260	Accident	Security General Insurance Co Limited
r vehicles	104,500	(73,150)	31,350	65,000	33,650	Sale to employee	Sale to employee Muhammad Arshad
			-	-			
	2,002,500	(490,710)	1,511,790	1,678,700	166,910		

12.2.3 Disposal of property and equipment having book value in aggregate more than Rs. 250,000/- or cost more than Rs. 1,000,000/- during the year:

				2018			
Particulars	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Written down value	Sales Proceeds / Insurance Claim	loss on Disposal of Fixed Asset	Mode of disposal	Particulars of Buyer/Insurer
			Rupees	Rupees			
Motor vehicles	1,465,000	(263,700)	1,201,300	1,150,000	(51,300)	Accident	Security General Insurance Co Limited
Computer hardware peripheral	62,539	(10,694)	56,845	35,000	(21,845)	Theft	Security General Insurance Co Limited
			•	,			
Total	1,532,539	(274,394)	1,258,145	1,185,000	(73,145)		

Intangible assets

2019		ŏ	Cost				Amortization	zation		Written down
Particulars	As at 01 January 2019	Additions	(Deletions)	As at 31 December 2019	Rate (%)	As at 01 January 2019	Charge for the ((Adjustments)	As at 31 December 2019	value as at 31 December 2019
		Rup	Rupees					Rupees		
Computer software	73,843,349	17,262,100	,	91,105,449 10-25	10-25	49,982,775	4,315,710	1	54,298,485	36,806,964

2010		7	LUST				ALLIOI UZALIOII	Zationi		WILLEN DOWN
Particulars	As at 01 January 2018	Additions	(Deletions)	As at 31 December 2018	Rate (%)	As at 01 January 2018	Charge for the year	(Adjustments)	As at 31 December 2018	value as at 31 December 2018
		Rupees)ees				RR.	Rupees	ζupees	
Computer software	73,724,655	118,694	1	73,843,349 10-25	10-25	46,460,478	3,522,297	,	49,982,775	23,860,574

^{12.3.1} Intangibles include assets costing Rs. 35.465 million (2018: Rs. 34.795 million) which are fully amortized and still in use.

For the year ended 31 December 2019

13	OTHER ASSETS	Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
<u> </u>	Income / Mark-up Accrued		1,490,791,015	1,278,598,024
***************************************	Advances to Staff		127,641,630	124,743,349
	Advances and Prepayments		310,518,676	235,914,548
•	Advance Income Tax - Net of Provision	***************************************	52,997,351	35,187,390
	Security Deposits		38,561,920	38,001,920
	Inter Banks ATM Settlement Account	***************************************	31,097,089	13,497,804
•	Insurance Claims Receivable	13.1	434,806,235	357,880,480
			2,486,413,916	2,083,823,515

This represents insurance claims receivable from The United Insurance Company of Pakistan Limited, which is a 13.1 related party of the Bank.

			2019	2018
14	DEFERRED TAX ASSET	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Deferred tax asset - Opening balance		488,183,434	506,242,009
	Recognized in the profit and loss account - net		9,477,425	(18,058,575)
		14.1	497,660,859	488,183,434
14.1	Components of deferred tax			
	Taxable temporary differences in respect of			
	Accelerated tax depreciation		(246,863,515)	(205,799,143)
	Deductible temporary differences in respect of			
	Provision against advances	14.2	291,287,868	1,274,395,111
***************************************	Unabsorbed losses		1,266,091,784	360,385,232
	Net deductible temporary difference		1,310,516,137	1,428,981,200
	Deferred tax asset on net temporary differences		380,049,680	414,404,548
	Minimum tax available for carry forward		117,611,179	73,778,886
	Net asset as at December 31		497,660,859	488,183,434

The Bank has made provision against micro-credit disbursed from June-2017 as per the requirements of Prudential Regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) for Microfinance Banks (MFB's) and the Bank has not made any deferred tax asset on specific provision against running finance micro-credits disbursed prior to November 2016.

For the year ended 31 December 2019

			2019		20	18
15	DEPOSITS AND OTHER	Note	No. of	Pupos	No. of	Pupos
	ACCOUNTS		accounts	Rupees	accounts	Rupees
	Time liabilities					
***************************************	Fixed deposits (Deals)	15.1	8,372	6,507,523,120	6,312	5,266,340,560
***************************************	Demand liabilities		-			
***************************************	Saving deposits	15.2	31,962	7,951,669,125	31,736	6,567,806,922
	Current deposits	•	350,237	3,857,891,461	312,894	4,032,183,260
			382,199	11,809,560,586	344,630	10,599,990,182
		15.3	390,571	18,317,083,706	350,942	15,866,330,742

- **15.1** These represent deposits received from customers ranging from 1 month to 5 years. These carry interest rates ranging from 5.6% to 15.5% per annum (2018: 5% to 15% per annum).
- **15.2** These carry interest rates ranging from 4% to 11% per annum (2018: 4% to 9.5% per annum).

		2019		20	18
15.3	Particulars of deposits by ownership	No. of accounts	Rupees	No. of accounts	Rupees
	Individual Depositors	390,142	14,829,400,647	350,584	15,347,989,917
•	Institutional Depositors				
	- Corporations / Firms	411	3,285,223,519	339	239,367,628
-	- Banks & Financial Institutions	18	202,459,540	19	278,973,197
		429	3,487,683,059	358	518,340,825
		390,571	18,317,083,706	350,942	15,866,330,742

			2019	2018
16	BORROWINGS	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Borrowings from Banks/Financial Institutions in Pakistan			
	Demand Finance	16.1	6,597,519	9,369,059

The demand finance facility was obtained to purchase brand new locally manufactured vehicles with a maximum limit of Rs. 100 million for the business of the Bank. The facility is secured against hypothecation charge over the financed vehicles under hire purchase agreement, against corporate guarantee of the Bank. Each demand finance (for each vehicle) is repayable in 60 monthly installments commenced from the date of the respective disbursement. It is subject to mark-up at the rate of 1 year KIBOR plus 1.50% per annum payable on a monthly basis.

		2019	2018
17	OTHER LIABILITIES	Rupees	Rupees
			·
	Mark-up/ Return/ Interest payable	258,235,714	142,937,409
	Bills Payable	49,800,445	58,027,773
	Accrued expenses	338,343	308,343
	Others	36,870,808	72,327,515
		345,245,310	273,601,040

For the year ended 31 December 2019

18 SHARE CAPITAL

18.1 Authorized Capital

	2019	2018		2019	2018
No. of Shares		Shares		Rupees	Rupees
	500,000,000	500,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	5,000,000,000	5,000,000,000

18.2 Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital

2019	2018		2019	2018
No. of	Shares		Rupees	Rupees
		Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		
 343,984,962	250,000,000	fully paid in Cash	3,439,849,620	2,500,000,000

18.3 Reconciliation of issued, subscribed and paid-up capital

2019	2018		2019	2018
No. of	Shares		Rupees	Rupees
250,000,000	250,000,000		2,500,000,000	2,500,000,000
		Right shares issued during the		
93,984,962	-	year at discount	939,849,620	-
343,984,962	250,000,000		3,439,849,620	2,500,000,000

			2019	2018
19	SHARE DEPOSIT MONEY	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Share deposit money	19.1	696,215,185	900,078,363

19.1 This share deposit money shall be used against the issue of right shares subject to the approval of competent authority.

			2019	2018
20	DEFERRED GRANTS	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Financial Innovation Challenge Fund (FICF)	20.1	2,360,186	5,326,952
20.1	Financial Innovation Challenge Fund (FICF)			
4				
	Balance as at January 01		5,326,952	8,444,151
	Less: Amortization of deferred grants		(2,966,766)	(3,117,199)
		20.1.1	2,360,186	5,326,952

20.1.1 In the year 2013, the SBP approved a grant of Rs. 34 million under the Financial Inclusion Program (FIP) with 30% contribution by the Bank out of which grant of Rs. 16.77 million was received during 2014 and of Rs. 17.24 million was received during 2015. The main purpose of the FIP is the provision of improved access to financial services for poor and marginalized groups and for micro, small and medium enterprises in Pakistan with the help of two partners; Pedavar and AGD Pakistan (Pvt.) Ltd. The Bank has recognized the grant against assets and expenses as prescribed, thereby meeting the conditions attached to the grant. In the year 2015, the receipt and amortization of the grant was audited by a firm of Chartered Accountants. Amortization of the grant is being made for expenses incurred and on a systematic basis over the remaining useful life of the related asset.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2019

			2019	2018
21	MEMORANDUM/OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS	Note	Rupees	Rupees

21.1 **Contingencies:**

There are no known material contingencies as at December 31, 2019 (2018: Nil).

21.2	Commitments:			
	Bank Guarantee	21.2.1	924,298	1,445,396

21.2.1 This represents bank guarantee issued by the Bank ranging between Rs. 106,923/- to Rs. 500,000/-. These guarantees will expire within the period from January 2020 to April 2020. 2018

		2013	2010
22	MARK-UP/RETURN/INTEREST EARNED	Rupees	Rupees
	Mark-up on loans and advances	2,372,740,445	1,920,709,271
***************************************	Mark-up on deposit accounts	429,847,071	192,263,338
	Mark-up on investments in government securities	97,197,020	44,863,192
		2,899,784,536	2,157,835,801

		2019	2018
23	MARK-UP/RETURN/INTEREST EXPENSED	Rupees	Rupees
	Deposits	1,207,980,792	796,401,943
	Borrowings	1,100,240	4,397,329
		1,209,081,032	800,799,272

			2019	2018
24	OTHER INCOME	Note	Rupees	Rupees
-	Amortization of deferred grants	•	2,966,766	3,278,165
	Insurance claim against defaulted loans	24.1	326,925,755	150,369,727
	Gain/(Loss) on disposal of fixed assets		166,910	(73,145)
	Others	24.2	39,192,845	96,445,358
		-	369,252,276	250,020,105

- 24.1 This represents the claims against the default loans lodged by the Bank during the year with The United Insurance Company of Pakistan Limited, a related party of the Bank.
- 24.2 These include income related to ECIB report charges, account activation charges, stop payment charges, pay order issuance / cancellation charges, ATM related charges, cheque book charges, commission on bills, locker charges etc.

For the year ended 31 December 2019

25	ADMINISTRATIVE EVDENCES	2019	2018 Pupass
25	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES Note	Rupees	Rupees

	Salaries, allowances, etc.	1,108,528,635	982,553,036
	Training / capacity building	1,444,284	179,240
	Contribution to defined contribution plan	18,867,958	13,411,922
	Rent, taxes, insurance, electricity, etc.	281,749,740	237,506,035
	Communication	44,366,208	36,582,709
	Legal and professional charges	8,440,472	4,592,390
	Security charges	101,134,658	88,296,974
	Traveling	18,728,185	17,081,240
	Fees and subscription	15,697,579	21,627,893
	Fueling expense	28,610,130	23,994,560
	Repair and maintenance	17,769,030	19,195,745
	Stationery and printing	17,249,738	22,429,042
•••••	Advertisement and publicity	3,416,384	4,026,329
	Auditors' remuneration 25.1	3,842,500	3,508,000
	Depreciation 12.2	88,474,202	77,123,257
***************************************	Amortization of intangibles 12.3	4,315,710	3,522,297
•	Entertainment	15,000,401	14,800,346
	Credit verification expenses	14,895,832	16,483,155
	Others	2,654,740	8,733,261
		1,795,186,386	1,595,647,431
25.1	Auditors' Remuneration		
***************************************	Annual audit fee and report on CCG compliance	2,400,000	2,373,000
	Half yearly review	440,000	420,000
•	Other certifications fee	562,500	315,000
	Out of pocket expenses	440,000	400,000
		3,842,500	3,508,000
26	OTHER CHARGES		
	Penalties imposed by the State Bank of Pakistan	2,552,000	

27 **TAXATION**

27.1 **Current Tax**

The Bank has carried forward tax losses of Rs. 1,266.09 million (2018: Rs. 360.38 million) as at reporting date due to which no taxable income arises during the year. However, under section 113 " Minimum Tax on Income of Certain Persons" of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the Bank is required to make a provision for minimum taxation. Therefore, provision for minimum taxation amounting to Rs. 45.297 million (2018: Rs. 29.180 million) has been made.

27.1.1 Relationship between accounting profit and tax expense

The relationship between accounting profit and tax expense has not been presented in these financial statements as provision for taxation has been made under section 113C of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

For the year ended 31 December 2019

Deferred Tax

The Bank has recognized deferred tax asset amounting to Rs. 497.7 million (2018: Rs. 488.2 million) (Refer note 14) on actual provision of advances as per Prudential Regulations for Microfinance Banks on the basis that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available for utilization.

28	EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED	2019	2018	
28.1	EARNINGS PER SHARE-BASIC (2018: RE-STATED)			
•	Profit after taxation	Rupees	53,525,058	53,261,451
	Weighted average number of shares	Numbers	315,682,518	250,000,000
	Earnings per share-Basic (2018: Re-stated)	Rupees	0.17	0.30
28.2	EARNINGS PER SHARE -DILUTED			
	Weighted average number of shares	Numbers	315,682,518	343,984,962
	Earnings per share-Diluted	Rupees	0.17	0.15

29	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
***************************************	Cash and Balances with SBP and NBP	8	1,342,224,336	1,585,615,708
	Balances with other Banks / NBFIs / MFBs	9	5,464,027,515	2,910,830,798
	•		6,806,251,851	4,496,446,506

30 **NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES**

		2019			2018		
As at December 31	Credit/	Banking/	Total	Credit/	Banking/	Total	
	Sales	Support Sale	Sales	Support	IOLai		
	Numbers				Numbers		
Permanent	477	669	1146	261	860	1121	
Contractual	982	253	1235	844	469	1313	
	1459	922	2381	1105	1329	2434	

Average no. of		2019			2018	
Employees	Credit/	Banking/	Total	Credit/	Banking/	Total
Linployees	Sales	Support		Sales	Support	lOtal
	Numbers			Numbers		
Permanent	369	765	1134	330	644	974
Contractual	913	361	1274	739	492	1231
	1282	1126	2408	1069	1136	2205

For the year ended 31 December 2019

		2019	2018	
31	NUMBER OF BRANCHES/SERVICE CENTRES	Number	Number	
	Beginning of the year	123	123	
	Opened during the year			
	- Branches	-	-	
	- Service centres	-	-	
	At the end of the year	123	123	

32 REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

The aggregate amount charged in the financial statements for remuneration, including all benefits to President / Chief Executive Officer of the Bank is as follows:

	President/Chief Executive Officer		Execu	itives
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Managerial remuneration	7,140,000	7,140,000	131,127,665	193,566,622
Rent and house maintenance	1,872,000	1,736,000	50,501,496	75,666,196
Utilities	323,821	238,663	12,625,705	18,916,575
Medical	17,206	66,687	13,113,089	19,356,689
Contribution to provident fund	-	-	6,874,575	11,192,784
Bonus and other benefits	-	-	-	_
	9,353,027	9,181,350	214,242,530	318,698,866
Number of persons	1	1	134	225

- 32.1 The President / Chief Executive Officer and Executives are entitled to use Bank maintained cars and perquisites in accordance with the terms of their employment.
- During the year, the Bank has paid fee amounting to Rs.2,906,250/- (2018: Rs.1,737,500/-) to its non-executive directors for attending Board of Directors and Committee meetings.

For the year ended 31 December 2019

33 **MATURITIES OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

	2019					
	Total	Upto one month	Over one month upto 6 months	Over 6 months upto 1 year	Over one year upto 5 years	
			Rupees			
Assets						
Cash and Balances with SBP and						
NBP	1,342,224,336	1,342,224,336	_	_	_	
Balances with other Banks /	1,542,224,550	1,542,224,550				
NBFIs/MFBs	5,464,027,515	2,664,027,515	2,800,000,000	_	_	
Lending to Financial Institutions	3,404,027,313	2,004,027,313	2,000,000,000			
Investments - Net of Provisions	1,045,912,390	896,740,118	49,212,272	_	99,960,000	
Advances - Net of Provisions	8,779,226,353	3,538,069,741	1,191,686,489	1,457,387,247	2,592,082,876	
Operating Fixed Assets	927,788,157	3,330,003,741	1,191,000,409	1,737,307,277	927,788,157	
Other Assets	2,486,413,916	1,583,927,437	126,175,593	157,035,827	619,275,059	
Deferred Tax Asset	497,660,859	1,505,527,457	120,173,333	137,033,027	497,660,859	
Deterred tax / toset	20,543,253,526	10,024,989,147	4,167,074,354	1,614,423,074	4,736,766,951	
Liabilities	20,3 13,233,320	10,02 1,303,111	1,101,011,551	1,011,123,011	1,730,700,331	
Deposits and other accounts	18,317,083,706	12,290,235,813	1,164,413,260	1,437,137,512	3,425,297,121	
Borrowings	6,597,519	6,597,519	- 1,101,113,200	- 1, 131,131,312	-	
Subordinated Debt	- 0,551,515	- 0,551,515	-	_	-	
Other Liabilities	345,245,310	345,245,310	-	_	_	
Deferred Tax Liabilities		- 3 13,2 13,310	-	_	-	
Deterred tax Elabilities	18,668,926,535	12,642,078,642	1,164,413,260	1,437,137,512	3,425,297,121	
Net assets	1,874,326,991	(2,617,089,495)	3,002,661,094	177,285,562	1,311,469,830	
1101 455015	1,011,020,001	(2,011,003,133)	3,002,001,031	111,200,302	1,511, 105,050	
Represented by:	•					
Share capital	3,439,849,620		•			
Discount on issue of shares	(1,335,963,831)					
Share deposit money	696,215,185					
Statutory reserve	22,636,885					
Depositors' protection fund	5,659,222					
Unappropriated loss	(956,430,276)	-				
Surplus/(Deficit) on Revaluation	······································					
of Assets	-					
Deferred Grants	2,360,186	-				
	1,874,326,991					

For the year ended 31 December 2019

	2018					
	Total			Over 6 months		
			upto 6 months	upto 1 year	upto 5 years	
			Rupees			
Assets						
Cash and Balances with SBP and						

***************************************	Deferred Tax Asset	2,083,823,515 488,183,434	1,131,436,756	7,429,888	-	569,046,379 488,183,434
***************************************	Deferred tax / 03ct	17,623,046,929	10,122,059,406	1,766,018,977	1,818,467,977	3,916,500,569
•••••	Liabilities	17,023,040,323	10,122,000,400	1,100,010,311	1,010,407,577	3,310,300,303
•	Deposits and other accounts	15,866,330,742	10,826,603,240	1,495,590,285	1,457,343,278	2,086,793,939
	Borrowings	9,369,059	9,369,059	1, 133,330,203	1, 131,313,210	2,000,133,333
	Subordinated Debt	3,303,033	3,303,033	_	_	_
***************************************	Other Liabilities	273,601,040	273,601,040			
		273,001,040	273,001,040	-	-	-
	Deferred Tax Liabilities		-	-	-	-
		16,149,300,841	11,109,573,339	1,495,590,285	1,457,343,278	2,086,793,939
	Net assets	1,473,746,088	(987,513,933)	270,428,692	361,124,699	1,829,706,630

Represented by:	
Share capital	2,500,000,000
Discount on issue of shares	(950,000,000)
Share deposit money	900,078,363
Statutory reserve	11,931,873
Depositors' protection fund	2,982,969
Unappropriated loss	(996,574,069)
Surplus/(Deficit) on Revaluation	
of Assets	-
Deferred Grants	5,326,952
	1,473,746,088

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 34

34.1 Interest/ mark-up rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates.

The Bank's interest rate exposure is low due to the short-term nature of the majority of business transactions. Interest rate risk is also controlled through flexible credit pricing mechanism and variable deposit rates. Optimization of yield is achieved through the Bank's investment strategy which aims to maintain a balance between yield and liquidity under the strategic guidance of the Asset and Liability Committee (ALCO).

For the year ended 31 December 2019

			2019			
	Exposed to yield/ interest risk					
	Effective yield/ interest rate	Total	Upto one month	One month to six months	Over six months to one year	Over one year to five years
	%			Rupees		
Assets						
Cash and balances with SBP and NBP	11.25%	25,156,568	25,156,568			
Balances With Other Banks/ NBFIs/MFBs	11.25% - 14.35%	5,420,035,969	2,620,035,969	2,800,000,000	-	-
Investments - Net Of Provisions	12.97% - 13.40%	1,045,912,390	896,740,118	49,212,272	_	99,960,000
Advances - Net Of Provisions	21% - 52.86%	8,779,226,353	3,538,069,741	1,191,686,489	1,457,387,247	2,592,082,876
Other Assets - Advances to Staff and Mark-up receivable	7.2% - 52.86%	1,618,432,645	1,527,345,948	1,175,593	1,725,827	88,185,277
		16,888,763,925	8,607,348,344	4,042,074,354	1,459,113,074	2,780,228,153
Liabilities						
Deposits and other accounts	4% - 15.5%	14,459,192,245	8,432,344,352	1,164,413,260	1,437,137,512	3,425,297,121
Borrowings	1Year KiBOR+1.5%	6,597,519	6,597,519	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-
		14,465,789,764	8,438,941,871	1,164,413,260	1,437,137,512	3,425,297,121
		2,422,974,161	168,406,473	2,877,661,094	21,975,562	(645,068,968)
			2018			
			Exposed to yield/	interest risk		
	Effective yield/ interest rate	Total	Upto one month	One month to six months	Over six months to one year	Over one year to five years
	%			Rupees		
Assets						
Balances With Other Banks/ NBFIs/MFBs	6.50% - 11%	2,783,665,684	2,333,665,684	450,000,000	-	-
Investments - Net Of Provisions	8.65% - 10.26%	884,469,380	479,083,893	305,405,487		99,980,000
Advances - Net Of Provisions	21% - 46.60%	8,812,740,994	4,465,092,251	1,003,183,602	1,442,557,485	1,901,907,656
Other Assets - Advances to Staff and Mark-up receivable	7.0% - 46.60%	1,403,341,373	1,278,756,448	1,406,894	3,242,037	119,935,994
		13,884,217,431	8,556,598,276	1,759,995,983	1,445,799,522	2,121,823,650
Liabilities		•			***************************************	
Deposits and other accounts	4% - 15%	11,834,147,482	6,794,419,980	1,495,590,285	1,457,343,278	2,086,793,939
Borrowings	1Year KIBOR+1.5%	9,369,059	9,369,059	-	-	-
		11,843,516,541	6,803,789,039	1,495,590,285	1,457,343,278	2,086,793,939
		2,040,700,890	1,752,809,237	264,405,698	(11,543,756)	35,029,711

34.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Bank's credit risk is primarily attributable to its advances, balances at banks, investments and certain other assets. The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counter parties are banks with reasonably high credit ratings. The Bank has an effective loan disbursement and recovery monitoring system which allows it to evaluate borrowers' credit worthiness and identify potential problem loans. A provision for loan losses is maintained as required by the Prudential Regulations for Microfinance Banks. Investments are mainly in government securities or other securities having good credit rating. The maximum amount of financial assets which are subject to credit risk amounting to Rs. 16,888.8 million (2018: Rs. 13,884.2 million).

For the year ended 31 December 2019

34.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Bank will not be able to raise funds to meet its commitments. At present the Bank is not exposed to this risk as there is sufficient cash placed with various commercial banks at the year end.

34.4 Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying values of all the financial assets and financial liabilities reported in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an ordinary transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

35 TRANSACTION AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties of the Bank comprise of Chief Executive Officer, Directors, group companies, staff retirement benefits fund, key management personnel and major shareholders of the Bank. The details of transactions and balances with related parties other than those disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements are as under:

Nature of Relationship	Nature of Transactions	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupees
Balances at year end:			
Associated company	Deposits Share deposit money Insurance Claims Receivable	38,181,368 613,015,264 434,806,235	156,716,764 701,008,080 357,880,480
Key management personnel	Deposits	2,601,990	2,178,053
Directors / sponsors / shareholders	Deposits Share deposit money	2,116,834 83,199,911	1,799,478 199,038,815
Transactions during the year:	:		
Associated company	Deposits received Withdrawals Mark-up paid on deposits Shares issued against share deposit money Share deposits money received	1,157,260,031 1,284,480,450 7,490,558 367,244,195 279,251,381	889,807,828 826,566,689 2,938,350
Key management personnel	Deposits received Withdrawals Mark-up on deposit paid	88,503,076 88,946,974 32,916	46,253,911 45,102,827 8,681
Directors / sponsors / shareholders	Deposits received Withdrawals Share Deposit Money received Mark-up paid on deposits Shares issued against Share Deposit Money	5,794,062 5,526,421 70,771,220 49,715 186,641,588	3,527,845 2,431,466 99,038,815 24,982
Staff Provident Fund	Contribution made during the year	18,867,958	13,411,922

For the year ended 31 December 2019

36 PROVIDENT FUND RELATED DISCLOSURE

The following information is based on the audited financial statements of the provident fund for the year ended December 31, 2018 and unaudited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019.

		2019	2018 Rupees	
		Rupees		
		Un-Audited	Audited	
	Size of the fund - Total assets	60,491,775	36,558,866	
	Cost of investments	53,200,000	39,700,000	
***************************************	Percentage of investments made	87.9%	108.6%	
	Fair value of investments	53,200,000	39,700,000	
36.1	The break-up cost of investments is as follows:			
	Term deposit receipts	53,200,000	39,700,000	
		53,200,000	39,700,000	

36.2 The above investment / placement of the funds has been made in accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017 and the rules formulated for this purpose.

37 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were approved and authorised for issue on March 31, 2020 by the Board of Directors of the Bank.

38 GENERAL

38.1 The corresponding figures have been rearranged / reclassified, wherever necessary, for better presentation. However, no material reclassifications have been made other than disclosed below:

Reclassification from component	Reclassification to component	Amount (Rupees)
Advances-net of provision	Other Assets	
 Insurance claims receivable against case held in specific provision 	- Insurance claims receivable	352,999,065
Advances-net of provision	Other Income	
 Provision against non-performing loans and advances for the year 	- Insurance claim against defaulted loans	150,369,727

38.2 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee unless otherwise stated.

President / CEO

Chief Financial Officer

Chairman

Director

Director

Punjab: Central I:

Kasur Branch:

Katchry Road, Kasur Tel: 0492 - 761223 0492 - 761224

0492 - 761225 0492 - 761226

Township Branch:

House No. 150, Block 30, Sector B-1,

Township, Lahore Tel: 042-35156304 042 - 35156309 042 - 35150158

Sundardas Road Branch:

23-A Sundardas Road, Zaman Park,

Lahore

Tel: 042 - 38101607 042 - 38100006 Ferozpur Road Branch:

Sadar Cantt Branch:

Tel: 042 - 36667023

042 - 36667024

042 - 36667025

Raod, Sadar Cantt, Lahore

Al Rahman Shopping Center, Dhaka

Main Ferozpur Road, Lahore Near

042-35923646

Bank Stop Tel: 042-35923645

DHA Branch:

Commerical Bulidng # 51 CCA Block DD, Phase 4, DHA Lahore

042-35694132

042-35694190

Karim Block Branch:

Karim Block, Allama Iqbal Town,

Lahore

Tel: 042 - 35415044 042 - 35415045 042 - 35415046

Khana Nau Branch:

Kahna Nou, Main Ferozpur Road, Tehsil Model Town, Lahore

Tel: 042 - 35270551

042 - 35270552

042 - 35270553 042 - 35270554

042 - 35270555

Railway Road Station, Raiwind Tehsil

Model Town Branch:

Shop # 31 & 33 A Block Store Market, Model Town, Lahore Tel: 042-35928241

042-35928242 042-35928243 042-35928244

042-35928245

Tel: 042-35694131

042-35694434

Lahore, District Lahore Tel: 042 -35394055

Raiwind Branch:

042 - 35394056

042 - 35394057 042 - 35394059

Johar Town Branch:

Plot # 472, Block-G- 3, Johar Town,

Lahore

Tel: 042 - 35445623 042 - 35445622

Central II:

Bahawalnagar Branch:

Khewat No 2145, Khatonee 2240, Ghalla Mandi, Bhawalnagar

Tel: 063 - 2277157

063 - 2277158 063 - 22771-59 Pakpattan:

Pakpattan Branch:

Ghallah Mandi, Pakpattan, Tehsil &

Distt Pakpattan

Tel: 0457 - 352240 0457 - 352241 0457 - 352243 Chowrasta Mian Khan Branch:

Arrodey wala Chowrassta Mian Khan

Depalpur

Tel: 044-4890002 044-4890003 044-4890004

Dharanwala Branch:

Dharnwala Tehsil Chistian

Tel: 063-2440260

063-2440261

063-2440262

063-2440263

Chistian Branch:

Ghala Mandi Chistian Distt

Bahawalnagar

Tel: 063 - 2501107

063 - 2501105

063 - 2501108

Madina Chowk Depalpur Branch:

Madina Chowk, Okara Road, Depalpur

Tel: 044 - 4542001

044 - 4542002

044 - 4542003

Jassoki Branch:

Jassoki Sheller Main Depalpur Okara

Road Jassoki

Tel: 044-2510001

044-2510873

0442510871

Hujra Shah Mugeem Branch:

Hujra Shah Muqeem, Depalpur

Tel: 044-4860202

044-4860203

044-4860204

044-4860404

Khuddian Branch:

Kasur Depalpur Road, Naya Adda

Khuddian Khas

Tel: 0492 791488

Ellahabad Branch:

Main Kasur Depalpur Road, Ellabad

Tehsil Chunian Distt, Kasur

Tel: 049 - 4751258

049 - 4751259

049 - 4751260

Haveli Lakkah Branch:

Head Sulemanki Road, Haveli Lakkah,

Depalpur

Tel: 044 - 4774102

044 - 4774103

Nol Plot Branch:

Plot No 10, Main Road Nol Plot Distt.

Tel: Not Available

Fort Abbas Branch:

School Bazar, Fort Abbas, Disst

Bhawalnagar

Tel: 063 - 2511030

063 - 2511032

063 - 2511034

063 - 2511035

Haroonabad Branch:

Main Ghalla Mandi Road, Haroonabad

District Bhawalnagar Tel: 0632 - 250361

0632 - 250362

0632 - 250363

0632 - 250364

0632 - 250365

Minchinabad Branch:

Circular Road Manchinabad

Tel: 0632 - 750071

0632 - 750072

0632 - 750073

Central III: Bhakkar:

Bhakkar Branch:

Shop # 2,3 Register # 99 Railway

Road, Bhakkar

Tel: 0453 - 510775

Bhagtanwala Branch:

Chak No 23, Junoobi Kotmomin Road,

Bhaghtanwala

Tel: 048 - 3781430

048 - 3781431

D Ground Faisalabad Branch:

0176-Faislabad Peoples Colony D Ground People Colony No 1

Faisalabad

Tel: 041 - 8716624

Bhalwal Branch:

Chak No.8 Shamli Liaqat Shaeed Road

Tel: 048 - 6642156

048 - 6642157

Kotwali Road Faisalabad Branch:

Kotwali Road, Faisalabad Tel: 041-2633472

Gojra Branch:

Azeem Plaza Board wali gali near sabzi mandi Quaid e Azam road Gojra

Tel: 046 - 3516603

046 - 3516604

046 - 3516605

046 - 3516606

Jhang Branch:

Chowk Burji, Gojra Road, Jhang

Tel: 0477 - 652586

Joharabad/Khushab Branch:

Shop # 58-B, Block # 1, Junoobi Bazar, Joharabad Tel: 0454 - 720498

0454 - 720499

Kot Khadim Ali Branch:

Chak No:- 85/6-R Shadman Colony,

Teh & Distt Sahiwal Tel: 040 - 4500669

Mandi Bahauddin Branch:

Rawily Road Bank Road, Mandi

Bahaudin

Tel: 0546 - 500762 0546 - 500763 0546 - 500764 Sargodha Branch:

198 A block main road satellite town

Sargodha

Tel:0483-258544-5

Toba Tek Singh Branch:

H#93, Allama Iqbal Road, Toba Tek

Tel: 046-2510293

Central IV:

Daska Branch:

House # 37, Motee Masjid, Daska

District Sialkot

Tel: 055 - 6612580

055 - 6612581

055 - 6612582

Hafizabad Branch:

Gujranwala Road, Hafizabad

Tel: 0547 - 521213

Muridke Branch:

Main G.T Road, Muridke Tel: 042 - 37990033

G.T Road Gujranwala Branch:

Ghori Centre Service Road G.T Road

Gujranwala

Tel: 055 - 9201002

055 - 9201003

055 - 38020462

Kamoki Branch:

Plot No. 10-A/SS Block1/1 CS, Main

G.T Road, Kamoki

Tel: 055-6813676

Sheikhupura Branch:

Stadium Road Sheikhupura

Tel: 056-3613504

Sheikhupura Lahore Road Branch:

Main sheikhupura Lahore road Hanjranwala Sheikhupura

Tel: 056 -3791416

056 - 3791417

056 - 3791418

Shahdara Branch:

Mouza Jia Musa, Shahdara, Lahore

Tel: 0423-7922502

0423-7922503

0423-7922504 0423-7922505

Gujrat Branch:

Saithee Enterprises, small industrial Estate 1 opposite woodworking

center GT road Gujjrat

053-3726452

Khan Kah Dogran Branch:

Muaza Khan Kah Dogran, Sheikhupura

Tel: 056-3726328 056-3726114

056-3726728

Al Jaleel Garden Branch:

Al - Jalil Garden Lahore, Plot No: 09, Kot Noor Shah Shurgpur Road, Lahore

Tel: 042 - 38102144

042 - 38102145

042 - 38102146

042 - 38102147

Farooqabad Branch:

Old Sabzi Mandi Road, Near Allied Bank and Bank Alfalah, Faroogabad

Tel: 0563 - 875056

0563 - 875057

056 - 3875058

Paris Road Sialkot Branch:

Paris Road Sialkot

Tel: 052 - 4583475

052 - 4583479

052 - 4583478

Central V:

Ahmadpur East Branch:

Moh Noor Shah Bukhari Gou Shala Dera Nawab Road, Ahmedpur East

Tel: 0622 - 275450 0622 - 275451

Burewala Branch:

Multan Road, Burewala Tel: 067 – 3771323 067 – 3354323 067 - 3355323

Chichawatni Branch:

Ghalla Mandi G.T Road Chichawatni

Tel: 040 - 5480711 040 - 5480712 040 - 5480713 040 - 5480714

Multan Branch:

Mashallah Plaza Azam Wasti Road, Multan

Tel: 061-4540158

Rahim Yar Khan Branch:

Fouzia Complex, Model Town, Rahim

Yar Khan

Tel: 068 - 5889004 068 - 5889005 068 - 5886007

Sahiwal Stadium Road Branch:

Arifwala Branch:

Tehsil Road, Arifwala Distt. Pakpattan Tel: 0457 - 831759

Mian Channu Branch:

Amin trade center Main GT road near sabzi mandi Mian Channu Tel:0652-661334-2

Layyah Branch:

College Road, Jinnah Colony, Layyah Tel: 0606 – 410245

0606 - 410216

Pattoki Branch:

Yousaf Bhatti Chowk Bypass Multan

Road, Pattoki Tel: 049-2729101

Church Road Okara Branch:

Church Road Mouza Soba Singh Distt

Okara

Tel: 044-2510001 044 -2704804

> 044 - 2510871 044 - 2510872 044 -2510873 044 -2510874

044 -2510875

Vehari Branch:

Karkhana Bazar, Vehari Tel: 067-3366421 067-3366422 067-3366423 Bahawalpur Branch:

Pelican Shopping Centre, Bahawalpur

Cantt

Tel: 062 - 2740212 062 - 2740211

Sadaqabad Branch: Kacha Shahi

Road opposite Amin Medical Complex,sadaqabad

068-5801391

Lodhran Branch:

Bahawalpur Road, Lodhran

Tel: 0608-361821 0608-361823 0608-361722

Jinnah Road Okara Branch:

Jinnah Road, Okara Tel: 0442 - 510773 0442 - 510774

0442 - 510775 0442 - 510776

Wan Radha Ram Branch:

Umarabad Dakhana Habibabad,

Pattoki

Tel: 049 - 4500940

North:

Chakwal Branch:

Bhoun Road, Chakwal Tel: 054 - 3553061 054 - 3553062

054- 3553063

Dina Branch:

Aziz Plaza, Mangla Road, Dina

Tel: 0544 - 630111 0544 - 635686 0544 - 635685

Blue Area Branch:

Marina Height 109 East Jannah Avenue Blue Area Islamabad

Tel:051-2348394-5

Taxila Branch:

Missoin Road, Taxila

Tel: 051 - 4542213 051 - 4542214

051 - 4542214

051 - 4542215

Abbottabad Branch:

Main Mansehra Road, Saithee Masjid,

Abbottabad

Tel: 0992 - 331251

0992 - 331252

0992 - 331253

Mirpur Azad Kashmir Branch:

98A sector B1 Allama Iqbal road near

SCO office Mirpur AJK

Tel: 05827 - 448678

05827 - 4448679

05827 - 448680

Gujjar Khan Branch:

Main Bazar G.T Road, Gujjar Khan

Tel: 051 - 3511530

051 - 3511531

051 - 3511532

051 – 3511533

051 - 3511534

Jhelum Branch:

G.T Road, Jhelum Tel: 0544-621308

0544-621309

Chillas Branch:

Old Terminal / Adda Main Bazar,

Chillas

Tel: 08512 - 450454

08512 - 450455

08512 - 450456

08512 - 450457

Gilgit Branch:

Opposite Army Communicates NHA

Complex Jutail Gilgit

Tel: 05811450732

Haripur Branch:

Main Bazar Haripur

Tel: 0995 - 627136

0995 - 627137

Murree Branch:

Mayfair Estate Bank Road Murree

Tel: 051 - 3414001

051 - 3414002

051 - 3414003

Adyala Road Branch:

Main Adyala Road, Rawalpindi

Tel: 051 - 5187050

051 - 5187061

051 - 5187065

051 - 5187074

Dasu Branch:

Mouza Komila Dasu

Tel: 0998 - 407265

Bara Kahu Branch:

Hathal, Bara Kahu, Islamabad

Tel: 051 - 2322145

051 - 2322146

051 - 2322147

Muzaffarabad Branch

Mouza Tanga Stand Tariq Road Bank

Road, Muzaffarabad

Tel: 05822 - 442312

05822 - 442313

05822 - 442314

Sindh:

Interior Sindh:

Dadu Branch:

District Cooperative Housing Society Sahwan Road Near Excise Office Dadu Tel: 0254-710853

Khairpur Branch:

Muhalla Ali Murad Kuchary Road, Khairpur Mirs

Tel: 0243-715330-31-32

Nawabshah Branch:

Buchery Road, Nawabshah

Tel: 0244 – 330081 0244 – 330083 0244 - 330084 0244 – 330085

Shikarpur Branch:

Sivi Dar Road, Shikarpur Tel: 0726-540004

Shahdadpur Branch:

Station Road Shahdadpur TEL:0235-844670

Ghotki Branch:

St # 10 Dawari Road, New Chandu Ram Colony, Udharwali, Ghotki

Tel: 0723 - 662462 0723 - 662463 723 - 662464

Mehar Branch:

VIP Road Mehar, Distt.Dadu, Meharpur Tel: 0254-730074

Qasimabad Branch:

Naseem Nagar Chowk Alamdar Road, Qasimabad Distt. Hyderabad

Tel: 0222 - 103002 0222 - 114024 0222 - 114023 0222 - 114021 0222 - 103003

Hyderabad Branch:

City Survey # F 73-74, Commercial Risala Road, Saddar, Hyderabad

Tel: 022 - 2780887 022 - 2731286

Mehrabpur Branch:

Thari Road Mehrabpur, Noshero Feroz Tel: 0242 - 430018

0242 - 430020

Kumb Road Branch:

Kumb Road, Sui Gas Branch, Dist:

Khairpur

Tel: 0243-614440 0243 - 614441 0243 - 614445

Mirpur Khas Branch:

Iqba Nagar Tourabad, Umer Kot Road,

Mirpur Khas Tel: 0233-875096

Sanghar Branch:

M.A Jinnah Road, Sanghar Branch, Sanghar

Tel: 0235 - 542650 0235 - 542651 0235 - 542649

Sukkur Branch:

Shop # 8/9, New Pak Colony Race Course Road Sukkar, Pak Cly, Race Corse Rd, Sukkur

Tel: 071 - 5616501 0571 - 5616502 0571 - 5616503

Tando Allah Yar Branch:

Main Hyderabad Road, Tando Allah Yar

Tel: 022 - 3890449 022 - 3890450 022 - 3890121

Umerkot Branch:

Shop #185/19,City Survey # 115, Gulshan E Akbar, Mir Pur Khas Rd, Umerkot

Tel: 0238 - 571500 0238 - 571501 0238 - 571502

Tando Adam Branch:

Muhammmadi Chowk, Tando Adam Khan

Tel: 0235 - 571432 0235 - 571440 0235 - 571436 0235 - 571437 0235 - 571438 0235 - 571439

Tando Muhammad Khan Branch:

City Survey #831 Ward B, Court Road, Tando Muhammad Khan

Tel: 02233 - 41811 02233 - 41813

Larkana Branch:

Gajan Pur Chowk, Old Anaj Mandi, Larkana

Tel: 074-4055347-49-50

Karachi Region:

Karachi:

I.I Chundrigarh Road Branch:

RY-9, Survey No 11/9/A, Railway Quarters, I.I Chundrigarh Road,

Karachi

Tel: 0213 - 2623669 0213 - 2623670

Paper Market Branch:

Survey No. 20, SR 08, Hasaan Ali Afandi Road, Paper Market, Karachi

Tel: 021-32600954

Malir Branch:

Plot No 107/10, Block G, Liaquat

Market, Malir Tel: 021-34113781 021 34113782

021 - 34113784

021 - 34113783

Peshawar Region:

Charsadda Branch:

Bacha Khan Chowk Tehsil Bazar,

Charsadda

Tel: 091-6513502

091-6513503

091-6513504 091-6511505

Nowshera Branch:

Property No 1080/9, Shobra Hotel G.T

Road Nowshera

Tel: 0923-612115

0923612116

0923612118

0923612119

0923612117

Amber Tower:

Branch:shop No4 plot 22A block 6 amber tower shah r Faisal karachi

Quetta Branch:

Mission Road Near Meezan Chowk

Quetta

Tel: 081 - 2821006

081 - 2021007

081 - 2021021

Mehmoodabad Branch:

Plot No 169, Sheet No. M.A.C. Mahmoodabad No.2, Jamshed Town,

Karachi

Tel: 021-35319240

021-35319241

021 -35319242

021 - 35319243

Circular Road Peshawar Branch:

G-60 City Circular Road Lahoree Gate

Peshawar

Tel: 091 - 2670101

091-2670102

091-2670103

Dean Plaza Peshawar Branch:

Shop no LG13, LG14 Dean Trade Centre Peshawar Cantt

Tel: 091-5603409

091-5603415

091-5603380

North Karachi Branch:

LS-8, Street 11-K, North Karachi

Tel: 021-36961067

021 - 36961068

021 - 36961071

Gizri Branch:

K-4/3 & 4/4 Ch. Khaliq-uz- Zaman

Road, Gizri, Karachi

Tel: 021-35865024

Mardan Branch:

Nowshera Road College Chowk

Opposite Wali Khan University Mardan

Tel: 0937 - 840504

0937-840604

0937-840708

0937-843126

NOTICE FOR THE SEVENTEENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the Seventeenth Annual General Meeting of Apna Microfinance Bank Limited is scheduled to be held on April 28, 2020 at 12:00 Noon, at Head Office, K-4/3 &4/4, Ch. Khaliq-uz-Zaman road, Gizri, Karachi to transact the following business:

AGENDA

- To read and confirm the minutes of the Annual General Meeting held on April 26, 2019. 1.
- To receive, consider and adopt the Annual Audited Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2019 together with 2. Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon.
- To review, consider and re-appointment of M/S Ilyas Saeed & Co. Chartered Accountants as auditors of the bank for the year ending December 31, 2020 as proposed by the Board of Directors and to fix their remuneration.
- To review, consider and approved the revision in Directors' remuneration.
- To transact any other business with the permission of the chair.

By Order of the Board

Rafat Abbas

Company Secretary

March 31, 2020

Karachi

NOTES:

A member of the Bank entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint another member as his/her proxy to attend and vote instead of him/her. Proxies in order to be effective must receive by the Bank not less than 48 hours before the meeting.

Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) account holders will further have the following under mentioned guidelines as laid down by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

A) For Attending Meeting:

- In the case of individuals, the account holder or sub account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall authenticate his identity by showing his original National Identity Card (CNIC) or original Passport at the time of attending the meeting.
- In the case of Corporate Entity, the Board of Directors' Resolution/ Power of Attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of the meeting.

B) For Appointing Proxies:

- In the case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and /or the person whose securities are in-group account and i) their registration details are uploaded as per the regulations, shall submit the proxy form as per the above requirement.
- Two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form shall witness the proxy.
- Attested copies of CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and proxy shall be furnished with the Proxy Form. iii)
- The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or original Passport at the time of the meeting. iv)
- In the case of Corporate Entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/ power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall V) be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form to the Bank.
- Members are requested to immediately notify the change of their address, if any.
- The Share Transfer Book of the company will remain closed from April 21, 2020 to April 28, 2020 (both days inclusive). The share transfer office is situated at F.D. Registrar Services (SMC-Pvt.) Ltd, Office no. 1705, 17th floor, Saima Trade Tower-A, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi. (Phone No. 021-32271905, 32271906- Fax 021-32621233- fdregistrar@yahoo.com- www.fdregistrar.com). Transfer received at the share registrar office at the close of business on April 20, 2020 will be treated in time.

For Apna Microfinance Bank Ltd.

Rafat Abbas Company Secretary

FORM OF PROXY

I/We	of	a member/ memb	pers of the company/
merged companies, do hereby appoint Mr./ Ms.		of	a member c
the company, or failing him/ her Mr./ Ms	of	who is al	so a member of the
company, as my/our proxy to attend, speak and	vote for me/ us and on my/ o	ur behalf at the Annua	al General Meeting
of the company to be held on April 28, 2020 at	12:00 noon at Head Office, 4/	3 & 4/4, Ch. Khaliq-uz	Zaman road, Gizri,
Karachi and at any adjournment thereof.			
Signed thisday of 202	0.		
,			AFFIX
			REVENUE
Witness: (1)			STAMP
Signature			
Name			
Address			
CNIC	_		
	Signature	·	
		ature should agree wi	
Witness: (2)	Registere	d with the Company)	·
Signature	Folio No.		
Name	CDC A/c I	No	
Address		ares held	
CNIC		e Numbers	

IMPORTANT:

- 1. The proxy Form must be deposited at the registrar office of the company, at F.D. Registrar Services (SMC-Pvt.) Ltd, Office no. 1705, 17th floor, Saima Trade Tower-A, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi. (Phone No. 021-32271905, 32271906- Fax 021-32621233- fdregistrar@yahoo.com- www.fdregistrar.com). as soon as possible but not later than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting and default Proxy form will not be treated as valid.
- 2. No person shall act as proxy unless he/ she is a member of the company except a corporation being a member may appoint as its proxy any officer of such corporation whether a member of the company or not.
- 3. The proxy Form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- 4. Attested copies of CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy
- 5. The proxy shall produce his/ her original CNIC or original passport and bring Folio number at the time of the meeting.
- 6. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/ power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted along with proxy form to the Company (if not provided earlier).

STAMP

Company Secretary K-4/3 & 4/4, Ch. Khaliq-uz-Zaman Road, Gizri, Karachi-Pakistan





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23 - A, Sunderdas Road, (Thandi Sarak) Zaman Park, Lahore.

Tel: +92 42-36362475-76 UAN: +92 42 111-771-772 Email: info@apnabank.com.pk

www.apnabank.com.pk